The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833. TUESDAY, JAN. 5, 1897. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OUR BIG SALE

Begins at the

Arcade Store

again this morning, with greater bargains than ever. This great stock of fine Dry Goods, etc., seems yet unbroken, although thousands of customers have been fortunate in securing some of the splendid offerings. This sale will continue until everything is sold and it would be advisable to come now while the cream of the stock is yet on hand.

Geo. DeWald & Co.

$10000.00

TO LOAN,

From $10 to any amount.

On furniture, pianos, store fixtures, or any available security.

Everything left in your possession, you can pay it back in weekly or monthly payments.

All business private and confidential. We give you the lowest rates, so don't fail to call and get our terms if you want a loan.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

Rooms 5 & 6, Fellinger Block,

30 Calhoun St.

MENSCH'S GROCERY.

SOAPS.

Globe Soap	8 for 25c
Gloss Soap	9 for 25c
Lenox Soap	8 for 25c
Star Soap	8 for 25c
Silver Soap	8 for 25c
Santa Claus Soap	8 for 25c

COFFEES.

XXXX per pound	17c
Arbuckles per pound	17c
Lion per pound	17c

SUGARS.

Granulated per pound	4 5/8c
Coffee A per pound	4c
Coffee Calmonas White per n.	3 1/2c

—AT—

MENSCH'S,

26 Calhoun Street. Phone 286

NO DINNER COMPLETE—

Without a Can of

PREMIER

Corn, Succotash, Tomatoes, Peas, Stringless Beans, Lima Beans, Baked Beans, Asparagus, whole Asparagus Tips, Grated Pineapple, Sliced Peaches, White Cherries, Lemon C Peaches, Yellow Crawford Peeled Apricots, Bartlett Pears, Egg Plums, Sliced Pineapple

Inspection and Trial Order solicited from the largest and most complete line of high class Canned Goods, Table Delicacies, Fine Teas and Coffees, Choicest Meats, Poultry, Game, etc., etc., at

JOHN N. PFEIFFER,

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GREAT CUT IN PRICES

—IN OUR—

Tailoring Department.

ALL SEAM ALL SEAM ALL SEAM ALL SEAM

Cut to $20.00

You can have your choice of any Suit in the house at $20.00.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.

J. G. Theime & Son,

Columbia and Clinton Sts.

SPRUNG A SURPRISE.

The Smith Murder Trial is Getting Very Interesting.

The Defense Asks That the Jury Be Allowed to Separate.

W. G. Colerick Makes a Statement to the Court

And the State Meets It With Several Reasons.

Evidence is Being Given Rapidly and Both Sides Are Pushing the Trial Along—Many Witnesses Examined.

The defense in the Smith murder trial sprung a surprise immediately after adjournment for dinner at noon today. After the jury had returned to their room the attorneys on both sides were called to the judge's bench and Hon. W. G. Colerick, on behalf of the defense, protested against the jury being kept together during adjournments of the court. Following is a verbatim account of the proceedings:

Hon. W. G. Colerick (for the defense)—The defendant by his counsel objects to the jury in this case being kept together during adjournments of court and notifies the court that it was not done at his instance or request nor by his counsel, and that he consents and demands that no such restraint be placed upon the jury, and objects upon the further ground that no showing has been made by the state of Indiana that would justify or authorize the court in requiring the jury to be so kept together.

Henry Colerick (for the State)—And now, in the absence of the jury and the presence of the court and the counsel of the defendant, the prosecuting attorney states to the court that such request for keeping the jury together during the trial was made simply and alone in the furtherance of justice and only to obtain a fair and impartial trial of the defendant; that prior to the commencement of the suit publications had been made in the press passing opinions upon the question of guilt or innocence of the accused, and as to the propriety of the prosecution; that the accused is the son of and relative of a numerous relationship in said county; also for the reason that during the preliminary hearing of the prisoner threats of violence came to the prosecuting attorney that a mob was organized for the purpose of taking the prisoner from the hands of the law and executing him by violence and the request that the jury be kept together was only made both for the protection of the state as well as for the protection of the prisoner and secure a fair and just trial.

Hon. W. G. Colerick—The defendant, by his counsel, who have been employed and paid by his father and to whom has been intrusted the liberty of his son, assert that no prejudice exists against the accused in this community and that for that reason no application was made for any change of venue; that the defendant and his counsel are not only willing but desire that the jury be permitted to separate during the adjournments, and believe that the purpose and intent of the state of Indiana, through its counsel, is to prejudice the legal rights of this defendant by impressing the jury with an undue importance of the case, and that he is willing to take and assume any and all chances or perils that may occur by permitting said jury to separate.

Hearing the Evidence.

The attendance at the Smith trial yesterday afternoon was even larger than that of the morning, the opinion prevailing that the introduction of evidence would begin before adjournment. The big crowd was not disappointed. Prosecutor N. D. Dougherty made the statement for the prosecution and finished at 4 o'clock. The defense did not make a statement, deferring that until the state has rested its case.

The first witness called was Henry Frech, father of George Frech, the murdered boy.

Mr. Frech's evidence had no particular bearing on the murder, further than to show what efforts he made to find his son when he failed to return home on the evening of October 10. George, not having returned at the usual hour, Mr. Frech started out to find him, and inquired at several places. The only person he visited who had seen the boy was Mrs. Hunsicker, of Madison street. Young Frech had been there and left at about 5:45. Mr. Frech stated that he saw two strange men on St. Joe boulevard.

Mrs. Mary Frech, mother of the murdered lad, was next called. She testified that George would have been fifteen years the 14th day of November, 1896; had he lived. The last time she saw him alive was early in the morning of October 10, when she prepared his breakfast and filled his tin dinner pail with edibles for the boy's dinner. He worked at Bass' foundry. He did not return in the evening and she waited for him. He usually came home at 6 o'clock or a couple of minutes after. He had worked regularly at the Bass foundry for a year and a half and was regular in going to and from work. He stayed at home of evenings. Monday morning she asked Mr. Beaucom, a neighbor, to take a boat and search the river, and he agreed to do so, and discovered the dead body. The clothes were wet when brought home. George wore a necktie, and when his dead body was brought home a portion of it was torn away. She had been shown the missing portion, which had been found near the dead body. The only cross-examination was as to the time young Frech left home, which she said was at 5:50.

Alexander McDaniel — I know George Frech about seven or eight years. I work for the Boston store. Saw George near the foundry close to 5:30. I called, "Hello, George." He jokingly attempted to stop my horse and I struck at him with whip. He dodged and laughingly remarked, "The whip is too short." I then drove to next to last house on Columbia avenue and then started back to town. Saw George Frech again on Columbia avenue, just east of bridge. He turned onto St. Joe boulevard. I said, "You better hurry home, it is pretty late for you to be out." George replied, "Oh, no, it isn't late yet." He carried a dinner pail. This was about 6 o'clock, maybe a little before or a little after. Cross-examination did not change the testimony.

Charles W. Miner—Lived in Fort Wayne six or seven years; I am a photographer; I took photographs of banks of St. Joe river and St. Joe boulevard at points between the Columbia avenue bridge and Romy avenue; (three photographic views were handed Mr. Miner and identified as the photographs taken by him.) Mr. Dougherty was with me. It was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Captain Borgman—Am captain of Fort Wayne police; have been on police force six years; heard of Frech's death and visited place where the body was found; body was in morgue; inspected the spot where the body was found.

Cross-examination—Visited the place of supposed murder at 3 p. m. Monday, October 12; visited the place the next Thursday and then again the next Sunday; passed the place afterward, but made no investigation; went there with Sergeant Dassler, Superintendent Gazlins and Detective Colling; on Thursday Prosecutor Dougherty and several citizens, among them Lawrence Hafner, Theodore Bates, Mr. Beaucom and two or three others; saw you (addressing Judge Colerick) and Mr. Burrick there one time, but don't know whether or not it was on Sunday; many people visited the place; shrubbery broken and water lower, six inches or a foot; soils showed people had tramped over it; path had been worn by sightseers to the place where the body was found.

Henry Colerick, for the state, offered in evidence the three photographs taken by Mr. Miner. Judge Colerick, for the defense, objected on the grounds that the photographs were not exact representations of the topography of the bank and road at the exact time of the finding of the body. Judge O'Rourke overruled the objection and ruled that the evidence was competent. It was a question of how accurate the pictures were, but that was a question for the jury. The photographs were then handed to the jury for examination.

John Koch—Live at 122 East Washington street; was acquainted with George Frech; knew him between six and seven years; also knew Claude Smith; have known him for about year or one and one-half years; heard of death of George Frech; was in Lakeside October 10, 1896, at 2 or 2:30, and again after supper; left home five or ten minutes of 6 the second time I went over; was going to home of Ott boys, who lived one door west of Frech, on Romy avenue; was on a bicycle; crossed the bridge on Columbia avenue and turned onto St. Joe boulevard; met George Frech, whose body body was afterward found in the river; he was about one and one-half squares from bridge on St. Joe boulevard, going north on the sidewalk towards his home; he was thirty-five or forty feet away; had a light on bicycle; Frech was in front of Lakeside Castle grocery when I first saw him; saw him again about one square north of Cash grocery; lamp went out on my bicycle and I got off to light it; Frech came up even with me about forty-five feet away; a little further north saw a man lying on the river bank down slope; could see lady from breast up; this was a little over a square from where I last saw Frech; person lying down said to me, "Hello there;" I said, "Hello, Gally," and he said "hello;" recognized him as Claude Smith, and pointed him out to the jury; heard of finding of George Frech's body on Monday, October 12; Frech's dead body was found just below where I saw the man peering over the river bank; never saw George Frech alive after the time I lighted my bicycle lamp.

Cross-Examination—"Didn't you say before the mayor that you had known Frech between seven and eight years?"

"May be I did. I may have been mistaken when I just said six or seven years." Saw a man with Frech at Cash grocery. Both walking in same direction. Did not know the man and could not have identified the man next day. Was about thirty-five or forty feet from them; the man was taller than Frech and was dressed in black; I did not speak to Frech; last time I saw Frech was a little over a square from where his body was afterward found; saw nobody else along the boulevard; was 6 o'clock when I got to Ott's; heard the bells ringing; left Ott's about 6:30 to go home; Smith spoke to me first and I looked down and recognized him; pretty dark and hard to distinguish things; Smith had on light clothes; he had on a light skull cap; first person I told I saw Smith was Joe Rauner Monday afternoon after the body was found; statement before mayor that I told Rauner on Sunday afternoon was untrue; did not know the officers suspicioned me and were on my trail; I am last person that saw Frech, but did not understand that officers were investigating my connection with Frech's death, said nothing to officers until Wednesday; before that told Rauner, the Otts and at home; Borgman and Deughman came to my home, but I did not know they were looking after me; had not worked for two months previous to October 10; have worked since that; last time I worked was last Wednesday and Thursday; could not swear that it was Claude Smith on the bank; recognized his voice, but could not see his face; when I saw Smith I spoke first; my former statement that he spoke first is not true.

Recross-examination — The man who was with Frech in front of cash grocery was not with him the second time I saw Frech; I told my father all I knew on Monday or Tuesday; am sure it was on Monday afternoon; Mrs. Ott told me first that Frech's body had been found.

Court adjourned at 5:52, before Koch's examination was completed.

TODAY'S EVIDENCE.

When court convened this morning the room was packed as usual. The mother and sister of the prisoner were present, one sitting on each side of him. John Koch was called to the stand, but neither side asked him any questions.

Seymour Boyd—I am paymaster in the machine department at the Bass foundry; know George Frech, who was employed at the foundry; saw George Frech on October 10, 1896, and gave him his pay envelope, which contained $15.10; envelope had Frech's name and number on it.

Jacob Illion—I am a coremaker at the Bass foundry; knew George Frech; saw him on October 10, 1896; saw him with money when he came from office; saw Frech change money with Charley Jones, colored; changed silver money for paper money; Jones gave Frech a $5 bill and Frech gave Jones $4.75 in silver; Jones owed Frech a quarter.

Cross-examination—Do not know what kind of money I received for pay; took it home and gave it to my wife without opening the envelope; always take my wages to my wife; Frech took envelope open; saw silver and $10 bill; Frech put the money back in envelope and placed envelope in his pants pocket; I see how much money in envelope on outside of envelope; take money home to my wife who opens envelope, and I sometimes see how she it; bills I get are all paper bills.

Charles Jones (colored)—Have worked at Bass Foundry and Machine works off and on for five years; know George Frech for a couple of years; Thursday George and I went to funeral of mother of Hermon Kincker, a fellow employe; I borrowed twenty-five cents from Frech; saw him again October 10; saw him open his envelope, which contained a $10 bill and some silver; don't know how much silver he had; he put the money back into the envelope and placed the envelope back into his pants pocket; did not see George again that day.

Cross-Examination—I saw George open his envelope; broke the seal, which was at one end of the envelope; when he gave me the silver he placed the $10 bill beside it, and when I gave him the $5 bill he rolled the two bills together and placed them in the envelope; did not say before the mayor that I did not see Frech open the envelope; Jacob Illion was standing near by.

Seymour Boyd, Recalled—He was handed pieces of a pay envelope and identified the envelope as the one he gave George Frech on October 10, 1896. The fragments of the envelope were then offered in evidence. On it were the following figures: "268," "George Frech," "$16.10."

Mrs. Hunsicker—My name is Anna Hunsicker; live at 171 Madison street; knew George Frech since he was three years old; my son is named Charles and is fifteen years old; saw George Frech October 10; he came to my house at twenty minutes to six; he stayed at my house five or six minutes; he went west to Huron street when he left my house; he carried a dinner bucket; my son and George were together all the time; George asked me where Charley was (Defense objected and objection overruled).

Cross-Examination—George and my son were good friends; did not go out much of evenings; I fix the time he was at my house because I got the lamp and lighted it.

Merrill Marshall—I am fifteen years old; go to school; live at 187 Montgomery street; lived in Lakeside at 5 o'clock this morning. He had no communication to make regarding cabinet rumors, except to repeat former denials of rumors connecting his name with a position.

(CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)

SENATORIAL RACE.

Taylor, Fairbanks, Wallace and McKeen in It.

The Joint Caucus of the Republicans Will Probably Be Postponed Until January 19.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 5.—While no definite understanding has yet been reached, it seems practically settled that the joint caucus of the republican senators and representatives to nominate a candidate for the United States senate will be held before the middle of next week. The "field," the term the politicians are using to designate the opposition to Chas. W. Fairbanks, is opposed from early caucus, and Mr. Fairbanks's managers today seem disposed to agree to an extension of time.

They say their candidate is likely to gain strength, rather than lose, and they would never have engaged in talk in favor of an early caucus, except for the fact that there seemed to be a general demand from the public that the nomination be made at the earliest date possible, so that the general assembly might be freed from the harrassing senatorial lobbyists and enabled to get down to business.

The "field" would like to have the caucus put off until Monday night, January 18, one day before the election is to take place. If a compromise comes about it will probably result in the nomination being made either Tuesday night, January 12, or Thursday night, January 14. Last night the Fairbanks managers held a checking-up conference, and it is asserted that their candidate has at least twenty votes in addition to the forty-three necessary to nominate.

The other candidates who are still in the field, and who have established headquarters here, are W. R. McKeen, Gen.- Lew Wallace and Judge Robert S. Taylor. Federal Judge John H. Baker still maintains that he is not a candidate and cannot allow the use of his name in the contest.

THE SCARE GONE.

St. Paul Recovers From Her Financial Fright.

Affairs of the Banks Which Closed Their Doors Yesterday Are Pronounced to be in Good Shape.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 5.—In banking circles today it seemed almost as if the scare had gone with the blizzard, for the banks were much less worried by withdrawals. The banks that closed yesterday are in charge of their clerical force, making up the reports. Maurice Auerbach, as receiver, took the place of Bank Examiner Kenyon, in charge of the Allemania, his bond for $250,000 being filed this morning. The reorganization committee of the stockholders of the Bank of Minnesota is meeting with the heavier depositors to devise a method of reorganization. Thirty depositors, with $175,000 in the bank, were at yesterday's meeting. The depositors of the Union Stock Yards bank, of South St. Paul, are to meet later in the week to consider the subject of reorganization, the receiver's report showing the bank to be in good condition. The January meeting of the directors of the Second National bank yesterday declared a semi-annual dividend of 7 per cent. This bank had 51 per cent. of its deposits on hand in cash. The other national banks make similar showings. The savings banks, for the protection of the depositors, are still requiring the sixty-day notice for withdrawals of deposits, and this, together with the strong showing of the other banks, has had a quieting effect on the general public.

LANDED IN CUBA.

The Dauntless Proves a Good Blockade Runner.

Evades the Vigilance of the Spanish War Vessels and Delivers Cargo in Cuban Hands.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 5.—A dispatch received here from Key West states that the Dauntless has successfully landed its expedition in Cuba. The expedition, it is said, is the one that the Three Friends attempted to land when pursued by a Spanish gunboat and left at No Name Key, from which place it was taken last Friday by the Dauntless. The cargo, it is said, consisted of four hundred thousand cartridges and 1,400 rifles; some dynamite, two twelve-pound rapid-firing Hotchkiss gun, medicine, etc. Fifty men also were carried aboard the vessel.

Big Estate Willed.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 5.—A final settlement of all interests under the will of Geo. Hilton, who died a year ago, has been made. All litigation has been dropped and an agreement reached between all the persons interested for a distribution of the property. The settlement disposes of all claims. The estate is estimated at between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000.

Instruments Buried.

MADRID, Jan. 4.—According to a dispatch received here from Manila, capital of the Philippine Islands, a force of 3,000 insurgents has been surprised and routed by the Spanish troops at Agong and Dimanas.

Senator Allison Better.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Jan. 5.—Senator Allison has so far recovered from his recent illness that he left for the east at 8 o'clock this morning. He had no communication to make regarding cabinet rumors, except to repeat former denials of rumors connecting his name with a position.

HIGH HATS MUST GO.

Chicago Alderman Sits Down on the Big Theater Bonnet.

An Ordinance is Passed Prohibiting Them From Being Worn at Places of Amusement.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 5.—Alderman Fluke has taken a step that will make him the most disliked man in the city council by the ladies who are in the habit of attending theaters. Last night he introduced an ordinance which not only abolishes the troublesome large-sized theater hat, but prohibits the wearing of any hat or headgear in theaters during the performance.

This will compel all ladies to lay aside their elegant theater bonnets during the evening at the theater.

The ordinance was passed by the council without a dissenting vote, and is as follows:

"Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Chicago: Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation owning or controlling any theater or other place of amusement, or any manager thereof, to permit or tolerate the wearing of any hat or other headgear by any person while in the theater or place of amusement during the performance or during the condition of any program on the stage or platform.

"Sec. 2. Any proprietor of any theater or other place of amusement who shall refuse to enforce the provisions of section 1 of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a violation thereof and shall be subject to a penalty of not less than $10 nor more than $25 for each offense, and the permitting or tolerating the wearing of each hat during the progress of the program or performance shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

"Sec. 3. This ordinance shall be in force from after its passage."

CONGRESS AT WORK.

A Full Attendance at the Opening of Both Houses.

Senator Hoar Proposes to Establish a Novel Museum in the Old Ship Constitution.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The senate re-assembled at noon today after the two weeks' holiday recess. The meeting was without unusual interest, the attendance on the floor and in the galleries being somewhat meagre. In the course of the chaplain's prayer he invoked a "restoration of our industries and beneficent prosperity."

Mr. Hoar called attention to a petition from the Massachusetts Historical society, urging that the old ship, "Constitution," be permanently preserved and placed at the Washington navy yard, where, like Nelson's famous frigate, Victory, at Portsmouth, England, the ship be used as a naval museum.

Among the bills introduced were these: By Mr. Peffer, of Kansas, "to improve the banking business," and by Mr. Shoup, of Idaho, as to alien ownership of land in territories.

The first reference to Cuba was in two resolutions offered by Mr. Call. The first requests the president to send to the senate, in secret or open session, as he may deem best, all papers relating to the condemnation to life imprisonment in chains, by the Spanish authorities at Havana, of Julio Sanguilly, an American citizen.

The second resolution recites the circumstances of Sanguilly's trial and condemnation and directs the secretary of state to "demand his immediate release." The resolutions went over. Mr. Call stating that he would make some remarks on them.

Mr. Peffer then addressed the senate, reading from manuscript, on his resolution for a national monetary commission. The resolution recites that, whereas, the result of the recent election did not show a majority of voters favorable to any one monetary policy, that a commission of five members be created to investigate the entire monetary subject and report within a year. Mr. Peffer's speech dealt largely with the heterogeneous character of our various kinds of money and the uncertainty of the present financial system.

THE HOUSE.

There was a fair attendance in the house when that body assembled today after the holiday recess. The galleries were also well filled.

Wealth Willed.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 5.—The will of Mrs. Elizabeth Pfister has been filed in the probate court. The will is very brief, disposing of an estate reported to be valued at more than $1,500,000 in less than 500 words. Three special bequests are made to Rosa, Bertha and John Christmann, nieces and a nephew of the deceased, and the residue is to be equally divided between Charles F. Pfister and Louis F. Vogel, her adopted children.

Several friends of Judge Tulor expect to leave for Indianapolis tonight to assist him in his work for the election as United States senator. Allen county will be well represented.

A VERY CLOSE CALL.

Fort Wayne Nearly Loses the New City Building.

Lucky Discovery of a Blaze in the Third Story Was in the Nick of Time.

William F. Marhenke, a clerk for the American Express company, in all probability saved the tax payers of Fort Wayne their new city hall by his prompt action this morning. He was on his way to the American office on Main street this morning and shortly after 1 o'clock passed the city hall. He saw the windows in the south part of the third story lighted up with a blaze that betokened a large fire within, and immediately gave the alarm to the police. The fire ladies were quickly summoned and went to work on the blaze.

The discovery was made just in the nick of time, for the fire had mounted to the rafters and in another moment would have swept over the dry wood from one end of the building to the other. The chemical engine came into use here and the blaze was extinguished without great damage. The room where the fire originated is in the southwest corner. The partition walls were burned through and the blaze crept through the floor in several places. The room set aside for the board of public safety was damaged by the water. In all it will amount to $100 and is fully covered by insurance.

The origin of the fire is shrouded in deepest mystery. It is suggested that with a red-hot silver meeting on the third floor and a meeting of the bakers on the second floor the cause might be traced to spontaneous combustion, but this was early in the evening. Another possible origin of the fire might be found in the fact that electric wires run through the room. It is not supposed that anyone maliciously set the building on fire, but it could easily have been done. For some reason the door of the city hall is never locked and the door of the room where the dangerous fire started is also allowed open during the night.

THE COURTS.

Suit to Recover the Principal on $250,000 Worth of Bonds

Decision of Default in Pay Interest When Due—Judge Miller Arrested.

Suit has been brought in the circuit court against the Fort Wayne Electric corporation by Hon. W. G. Colerick and the Leonard Bros. as attorneys for John W. Belches, of Boston, to recover $20,000 on seventeen bonds of $1,000 each issued by the defendants to the plaintiff. The amounts named in the bonds in principal were not due but each of them contained a clause specifying that on the failure of the corporation to pay the interest when due, the principal would be due and that Mr. Belches would be entitled at once to the payment of it. It is alleged in the complaint that the defendants failed to pay the first six months interest on demand and hence the suit. The interest is made payable in gold coin of the United States.

The Electric corporation claims that Mr. Belches has been hindered the interest on the bonds due him, and their contention will be that he has no power to compel the payment of the principal before the bonds fall due, which is in 1914.

Anthony Miller is on trial before Justice Franco, charged with having obtained a horse and buggy on false pretenses. He hired a rig at Reidmiller's livery barn and failed to return it. Deputy Lindemuth went to Churubusco, recovered the rig and arrested Miller. The lap robe and halter, however, are missing.

BANKER SUICIDES.

Christ Schairer Takes His Own Life at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 5.—Christ Schairer, jr., treasurer of the Nations Bank for Savings, committed suicide sometime last night. His body was discovered this morning hanging from the rafters in the closet of the Allegheny gymnasium. The president of the bank says his accounts are straight, the auditing committee having just completed the audit for the past year. Schairer has not been in good health for a year and was very morose. It is thought this was the cause of the suicide.

BRICE BOUGHT IT.

The Sunday Bill in the Mackinaw Railroad.

VAN WERT, Ohio, Jan. 5.—The Mackinaw railroad was sold here at 1:16 this afternoon to C. S. Brice. The consideration is $1,000,000.

General Walker Dead.

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Gen. Francis A. Walker, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and widely known as a political economist and literateur, was stricken with apoplexy at his home in this city early this morning and died soon afterwards.

Armenian Assassinated.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 5.—Bedros Effini, the Armenian, who was recently appointed sub-kaimakam of Tadjarsandjak, was assassinated two days after his arrival here.

H. W. Gibford, who spent the holidays in the city, has gone out on the road again.

SENATOR ELLISON

Will Introduce Several Very Important Bills.

As Has Been Stated by a "Sentinel" Reporter in Reference to the Work of the Coming Legislature.

Senator T. E. Ellison left last evening for Indianapolis, to remain during the sessions of the state legislature, which convenes on Thursday of this week. Before leaving, a SENTINEL reporter had a conversation with him in reference to the work that would be done at the coming session. He said, although the legislature met Thursday, little would be done until the middle of next week as the inauguration of Governor Mount would take place next Monday and considerable time will be spent in the election of a United States senator.

The reporter asked Senator Ellison if he knew what legislation would come before the next session. He replied that it was too soon to give very much of an opinion, but from the number of circulars and marked articles he had received, he presumed there would be considerable time taken up with insurance matters, and also over the report of the commission appointed to investigate building and loan associations and report of a bill for the better protection of those dealing with building and loan associations, and to require a more equitable management of the same. It will be remembered that at the last session of the legislature, Senator Ellison introduced and procured the passage of a resolution requiring the governor to appoint a commission to make this examination, and report a bill regulating and controlling building and loan associations in this state. When asked as to the nature of the bill and report, he replied that he had seen only a synopsis of the bill and only knew the general nature of the report, but believed that some legislation would come from the action of the commission that would more surely protect both investors and borrowers from the exactions and insecurity of wild cat building and loan associations that were taking away business that ought to go to those associations that are managed on economical and correct principles.

Senator Ellison is a member of the prison commission and has spent considerable time in investigating the prisons of our state and other states and the general question of the punishment and reformation of criminals and is preparing a report for the commission and some of the bills that will be introduced by it. We were permitted to glance over the report, but it is too long for publication in full. It will recommend the taking of prison management out of politics, the establishment of a reformatory where young men from seventeen to twenty years of age, who form about 75 per cent. of the total prison population, shall be confined, similar to those at Elmira, N. Y., and Pontiac, Ill.

As a slight indication of the good these reformatories do in the way of teaching young men trades and making them better citizens, it may be said that about 40 per cent. of the persons who are received at one of our present Indiana prisons find their way back again, because of committing a second offense, while the reports at Elmira show the only about 16 per cent. of the prisoners confined there are ever again charged with committing a breach of the criminal law.

There will also be a second bill establishing the indeterminate and parole system in our state, which will go far towards helping the prison convict who desires to reform, to become a better citizen, and inducing those who might otherwise become indifferent, to attempt to become better prisoners and citizens.

A third bill will be reported by the prison commission, and one that Mr. Ellison takes considerable interest in. It is what is known as the probation system. One of the greatest hindrances to the reformation of persons convicted of crime, is the stigma that follows them through life, because of their having been confined in a jail or penitentiary. This bill provides that the judge of the circuit court in each county, shall appoint a probation officer, into whose custody shall be committed every person guilty of some minor offense, being sentenced to the county jail or the penitentiary not exceeding one year and who desires to reform, and whom the judge believes will obey the orders of the court, and live an honest, industrious and moral life. The prisoner is expected to go out into the world and earn his living, the same as anybody else, to make reports every month to the officer to his friends, for whom he has worked, what he has earned, and what he has done with his earnings, and not go out of the county without express permission, and obey all the orders of the court, and of the probation officer. The probation officer is expected to keep himself posted as to the whereabouts and conduct of such person. If he finds he is disobeying the orders of the court, or not living as he should, he will cause the prisoner to be re-arrested, and the original sentence executed. After a year's correct living, the prisoner will be finally discharged, and the sentence against him wiped out. A special feature of the bill, and one that the women who are striving for recognition will appreciate, is that in counties having a population of 10,000 or more, an assistant probation officer shall be appointed, who shall be a woman, and to whom all cases relating to women and girls shall be referred, and committed, if the judge thinks the same should be done.

Senator Ellison also expects to introduce a bill abolishing days of grace on all notes payable in bank, and to more definitely fix the time when commercial paper will become due.

He has also prepared a bill that has met with the approval of a great many persons who are interested in such matters, providing for the better organization and regulation of Orphan asylums, and to give them more power in relation to abandoned and deserted children.

He wished us to state that a copy of all bills that have been favorably recommended by a committee of either house, can be found at his office, in the Bank block, as soon as he can procure and send the same home, and everybody is welcome to come and see them.

MADE ASSIGNMENT.

Retail Grocery Store of Jacob Gumpper Goes Under.

John Diebdbiss Appointed Trustee for Creditors Whose Claims Amount to Over $7,000.

Early this morning Jacob D. Gumpper, the proprietor of the large retail grocery store at 240 Calhoun street, made an assignment to John Diebdbiss as trustee for his creditors. The assignment was made in two mortgages and the claims aggregate $7,641.12. Mr. Gumpper has done a large business and has many friends, who will be sorry to learn of his misfortune.

The first mortgage protects the White National bank on notes amounting to about $600; Mrs. Laura Gumpper, to the extent of $2,600; Josiah King, $200; Stutman & Co., bankers, $100, and others to the amount of $4,434.

The second mortgage is for the benefit of nearly forty other creditors, most of them jobbers of goods in this city.

These claims amount to $2,307.12. Among the heaviest local creditors secured by second mortgage are A. H. Perfect & Co., $482.30; B. W. Skelton & Co., $221.77; Moellering Bros. & Millard, $208.75; G. E. Burdsy & Co., $72; M. F. Kagy, $60.30; Indiana Furniture Co., $44; Nathan Kirschbaum & Co., $56.80; Pettitjer Bros., $43.01 and others.

The assets include the large stock of groceries and fixtures in the store block on Calhoun street and other property on Leith street. It is the hope of Mr. Gumpper and his friends that he can be relieved of his present difficulty and that the assets will fully cover the liabilities.

ENDED IN DEATH.

Apparently Slight Injury to Little Ernest Pieper.

Son Accident a Fence While Playing With His Companions—Other Deaths and Funerals.

Ernest, the bright eight-year-old son of Frederick Pieper, died this morning at the residence, 314 West Jefferson street, of peritonitis. He had been sick for a week and the cause of the disease shows the dangers which children are constantly incurring. Ernest was playing in the yard a week ago when he ran against a fence and received a severe blow in the abdomen. It was not supposed that the little fellow was seriously hurt, but inflammation set in and death was the result. The funeral will take place Thursday afternoon from the residence.

ANOTHER CHILD TAKES.

Katie, the seven-day-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. George Glaut, of New Haven avenue, died today of exhaustion. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the house.

IMPORTANT EVENTS.

Easter Late in April—A Sunday Fourth of July—Sun's Eclipses.

There will be two partial eclipses of the sun this year. The first appears February 1, and will be visible in this part of the United States about sunset. The second one is the 29th of July, at about 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. It will also be visible in this part of the country.

The Lenten season begins with Ash Wednesday, March 3, and ends with Easter Sunday, April 18. Ascension day will be May 27.

Inauguration day, March 4, arrives on Thursday; Independence day, July 4, on Sunday; Labor day, Monday, Sept. 6; Thanksgiving, Thursday, Nov. 25; Christmas, Saturday, Dec. 25.

TO THE LADIES

Of Fort Wayne and Vicinity.

The great crowds attending the sale of M. Frank & Co.'s Bee Hive store has in many instances made shopping a trying ordeal. To materially assist the trading public to get prompt attention I have secured an additional force of people.

The sale will be conducted on the same basis of sacrifices on all kinds of goods until the stock is sold.

BEE HIVE STORE,

Resolver,

M. FRANK & CO., BEE HIVE.

Mayor Schurer was at Andrews today on personal business.

FAVORITE STOVE AND RANGE

PICKARD BRO'S

Headquarters for STOVES & FURNITURE

12 & 14 East Columbia St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

TUESDAY, JAN. 5, 1897.

THE statistics show that "the poor drought-ridden state of Kansas" has during the last twenty-five years produced $770,000,000 worth of corn alone, to say nothing of other crops.

IT IS POSSIBLE that Fairbanks will capture the Indiana senatorship. However, should the honor be bestowed on Judge R. S. Taylor, the logicians can rest assured that they will have chosen one of the ablest republicans in the state for that office.

THE Chicago city council has set down on high licensing theaters and at their session last night passed an ordinance prohibiting them from being worn by the ladies at those places of amusement. Now, why ought not the Fort Wayne city council adopt a similar ordinance?

WHILE congress is considering the imposition of additional taxes to meet the increased expenditures of the government, objection is not unreasonably made to the senate proposition to open indiscriminately to free settlement the lands recently purchased from the Indians. These represent an outlay of about $31,000,000, made on the assumption that it would be repaid by the sale of the lands. Having got the Indians bought off, the farmers now want to appropriate the land for nothing, by an extension to these purchases of the free homestead law, which was designed for quite different conditions. If the government were excessively rich there would be no objection to this; but the sale of choice public lands, at very moderate rates, is a proper and useful source of revenue that is not lightly to be thrown away at a time when revenues are needed.

INTEREST will center now in the work of our state legislature which meets on Thursday of this week. Hence the interview with Senator Ellison published in today's SENTINEL regarding some of the legislation of the coming session will secure the attention of our readers.

THE executive committee of the Indiana State Liquor league will ask the legislature for the passage of a law requiring druggists to take out saloon licenses. It is claimed that the league's investigation shows that in all the cities and towns where the number of saloons has been reduced under the Nicholson law the druggists have engaged in selling liquor by the drink and have thus not only violated the law, but have robbed the state of the license fee.

THE fruit growers of California have decided to spend $10,000 in maintaining a lobby in Washington during the tariff agitation in the hope of thereby securing higher tariff taxes on imported fruits. If they would spend that money in pruning their trees and plants the increase in the yield would remove the necessity of tariff taxation on fruit altogether, but the yearning for government bounty would not be satisfied, and there's the truth.

AN Indianapolis newspaper reporter got hold of Judge R. S. Taylor soon after his arrival in that city and made him submit to an interview regarding his candidacy for the United States senatorship. The judge's replies were frank. The Indianapolis News says: "He ate an early breakfast and was down in the corridor of his hotel shaking hands before many of the politicians were out. 'Yes, it is my intention to stay in the contest,' said he. 'I do not know how many votes I shall receive. I can learn that one man wishes to vote for me I shall not deprive him of that pleasure by withdrawing.' 'Do you propose to open headquarters?' 'Well, it depends upon what that means. I shall have to look around and see what opening headquarters means. I propose to meet my friends, but I have a small room, and I believe there are only six chairs in it.'"

THE report of the comptroller of the currency points out that the duties resting upon the directors of banks are not merely formal and ornamental, but practical and important. It is the theory and intention of the law that such officials shall be fully conversant, in general and detail, with the affairs of the institutions with which they are connected. They are supposed not only to know what is being done, but how it is being done. "Bank directors," says the comptroller, "should know whether the best bookkeeping methods are used in their banks, whether precautionary measures in the verifying of entries upon ledgers and pass books are taken, and whether employes from president to bookkeeper are engaged in speculative enterprises and employing the bank's funds, thereby endangering the safety of those who trust the bank." These inside circumstances, unknown to the public, are the things which make the institution a safe or an insolvent one and which prevent or produce failure. It is for the directors to see that the men entrusted with the direct conduct of the bank's affairs attend strictly and honestly to their work.

EPWORTH LEAGUES.

Officers Elected by Some of the Young People's Societies.

The Epworth league of the St. Paul M. E. church held a very largely attended meeting last evening and elected the following officers for the present year: President, Mr. Ed Hall; first vice president, Miss Nora Shawe; second vice president, Miss Nellie Pratt; third vice president, Miss Daisy Harrod; fourth vice president, Mr. Frank Hosier; secretary, Miss Mollie Schriver; treasurer, Mr. Arthur Harter. A number of applications were handed in for membership and the young people were much encouraged in their work.

The Epworth league of Simpson M. E. church held a business meeting last evening and elected officers for the following year: President, Miss Emma Gotchall; first vice president, Miss Sadie Litwin; second vice president, Miss Alta Hines; third vice president, Miss Mattie Clippinger; fourth vice president, Miss Clara Waters; secretary, Miss Blanche Rattenyder; treasurer, Albert Shinkel; chorister, Mrs. Flack; organist, Miss Alta Hines.

At the business meeting of the Epworth league of the Wayne street M. E. church last night the resignation of Miss Clara Bennett as president was accepted. She has gone to Chicago to take a course in a business training school. The league then proceeded to elect a new president, and Manford C. Wright was chosen for the position.

The Junior League of Simpson M. E. church, at the last meeting, elected the following officers to serve six months, from January 1, 1897:

President—Eldora Evans.

First Vice President — Erma Bryan.

Second Vice President — Stella Stotts.

Third Vice President—Ethel Wessel.

Fourth Vice President—Frankie Hickman.

Secretary—Blanche Blackburn.

Assistant Secretary—Ella Jacobs.

Treasurer—Myrtle Lewis.

Organist—Mrs. R. B. Evans.

Mrs. Rev. Paschall is the superintendent.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c.

Plants in Commerce.

It is an interesting thing to know that 3,500 species of plants are grown and used for commercial purposes in America. Of these 400 have a perfume that is pleasing, and enter largely into the manufacture of soaps, sauce and sachets. There are more species of white flowers gathered than of any other color—1,124. Of these, 187 have an aggreable scent, an extraordinarily large proportion. Next in order come yellow blossoms, with 957, of them being perfumed. Red flowers number 823, of which 81 are scented. The blue flowers are of 594 varieties, 54 of which are perfumed, and the violet blossoms number 368, 15 of which are pleasantly odoriferous.—Chicago Times-Herald.

A very good way of cleaning the hands when they are very dirty, more especially in cold weather, is to rub a little pure lard well in all over them, then wash with soap and water in the ordinary way. If this is done, the hands will not be nearly so likely to crack.

Peter Bales, a celebrated calligrapher of the time of Queen Elizabeth, wrote the whole of the Bible on a piece of vellum which was so small that it could be hidden in the shell of a hen's egg.

SPRUNG A SURPRISE.

(CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE.)

side in October; Smiths lived two squares from my home; knew Claude Smith; I was at ball park until 5 o'clock October 10; went home at 5:10; mother sent me to butcher shop, corner Columbia avenue and St. Joe boulevard. Sharp's grocery is near by; there is another grocery on St. Joe boulevard, one square north; I went down St. Joe boulevard; I know where George Frech's body was discovered; nearly 5:30 when I left home; I saw Claude Smith and his mother on the St. Joe boulevard; Claude stood on the river bank and his mother called for him to go home and Claude answered, 'Oh, no, I want to fish awhile.' I was at the butcher shop about half an hour; Claude Smith was lying on the river bank just above where Frech's body was afterward found; he said, 'Hello,' to me; I replied, 'Hello, Claude, what are you doing?' 'Fishing,' was the answer. Smith said he had a line stretched across the river and also had a hook. I went on home.

Cross-examined—When I first saw Smith on the river bank his mother was on the crossing; my father was home before I got home; Smith was not at the same place when I saw him the second time, but close by; father worked at that time for Mr. Tapp on a bridge in the country; father gets home about 5:30; also gets home on Saturday about that time; not much fishing at the place I saw Smith, too many bushes there; I have seen Smith fishing, but not there; never saw him with a boat or fish with a set line, but with a pole.

Ambrose C. Baker—Live at 10 Baker avenue; am a cigar manufacturer; when I go home always travel St. Joe boulevard to Baker avenue; went home about 5 o'clock October 10 on bicycle; saw Claude Smith standing on a crossing talking to a lady; did not know the lady; when I returned to the city between 6:30 and 6 o'clock I saw Claude Smith lying on the river bank near the point where Frech's body was afterward found; some change in the contour of the river bank, but no change within fifty feet of the point where Frech's body was found; except grass and shrubbery had been trampled; Smith had on light cap when I saw him.

Cross-Examination—Many people visited point where body was found; sightseers had worn a path; never noticed Smith there until the murder; place to fish about fifty or sixty feet of point where body was found; I have seen Smith with fish pole, but never noticed exact place he fished; man in shop quit work at 5 o'clock on October 10; I was there from stay until 7 o'clock; I started home about 6 o'clock; Claude Smith spoke to me on my way back after supper and I spoke to him; I don't know whether he said 'Hey, Baker,' or 'Hello, Baker;' he would not have noticed who he was if he had not hailed me.

Morse Harrod—I am coroner; notified that body of George Frech was found about 12 o'clock noon, October 12; body was in water when I reached the place; knees and limbs down exposed, balance of body under water; shoulders and head under water, face downward; dinner pail near by; don't know whether shoe was any water in pail; Henry Branscom moved body in a boat to place where it could be carried up the bank; too steep and considerable shrubbery above place where body was found; difficult for me to get up; body was exposed from hips to the knees; vest pockets loosened; found portions of envelopes in pockets; Dr. Doenling made autopsy and Dr. Dreyer assisted stomach; some person handed me a piece of envelope and searched around and found balance of it; identified pay envelope in evidence; shown a necktie, which was handed him by some person unknown; said to have been Frech's tie; it was torn; pieces of cloth handed him on river bank was here introduced and identified by Mr. Harrod.

Cross-Examination—I think I was notified of finding of body about 11 o'clock a. m.; took me about five minutes to drive over to the place; no persons in a boat when I arrived; several persons went down to the body with me; I instructed Henry Branscom to move the body; I assisted him to place the body in the boat and he went down place where the body could be easily taken from the river; cost and vest both unbuttoned; pieces of cloth were handed me half an hour after body was taken from river; I was standing close to Mr. Peltier's wagon, just above river bank.

Mrs. Mary Frech—She was handed the piece of necktie and identified it as the one George Frech wore when he left home October 10.

Dr. Harrod, recalled, said that only one piece of cloth was handed him at the river bank, and Superintendent Gursline gave him the smaller piece.

Dr. Herman Doenling—I examined the body of George Frech at Peltier's morgue on October 12; there was no water in lungs; no river water; stomach was contracted as if boy had nothing to eat for several hours; heart in normal condition, but contracted; a test showed that there was air in the lungs that had been churned up with mucous; my opinion is that this condition was caused by a spasmodic effort of the lungs to secure air; my opinion is that these indications would exist had a person been struck a blow hard enough to produce unconsciousness and the body then thrown into the water; across the skull, on a line with the projection above the eye, and back of the ear I found a contusion about one and one-half inches long and one-half inch wide, but there was no fracture; I do not believe these conditions could exist if the blow had been struck after death; the skull was very thin and a blow such as described would have produced unconsciousness and in an older person might have resulted in fracture; the contusion was undoubtedly caused by a blunt instrument and was such as might be made on an apple or pear by pressing with the finger nail against the skin without breaking it; I do not believe the conditions of the lungs indicated he was alive in the water.

Cross-examination—There was no river water in the lungs; the heart was contracted as if its last effort was to pump blood into the blood vessels of the body; I saw no marks of injury on the body when examined at Peltier's except post mortem discoloration; cause of discoloration was due to death; Mr. Peltier discovered the contusion on the head; I do not believe he died of itself would cause death; believe it did produce unconsciousness, but do not know positively that it did. Noticed marks on the throat but could not satisfy myself that they were produced before death; I believe they were post-mortem spots, which are sure indications of death, and distributed without rule; I think that while these spots may have been ante-mortem, my best opinion is that they were post-mortem spots; I am not positive that they were either post-mortem or ante-mortem marks, not caring to make an idle distinction. I do not remember that the boy's feet and limbs were out of water when I saw him in the river; my best recollection is that the knees and naked thigh could be seen just underneath the surface of the water. No persons were at the water's edge with Mr. Harrod; I helped Harrod up the bank.

J. C. Peltier—Am an undertaker and helped prepare the body of George Frech for burial on October 12; found a discoloration or bruise on the skull just back of the ear and notified the doctors.

Dr. L. P. Dreyer—Am a physician and chemist and bacteriologist for the city board of health; saw the body of George Frech on the afternoon of October 12; at Peltier's morgue; I received the lungs and stomach from the body; I made an examination of the lungs to determine whether death had been caused by an asphyxiant; found nothing to indicate that death resulted from that cause; an examination of the stomach showed that there were no indications of poisons; there was no evidence in either the lungs or stomach that showed the cause of George Frech's death.

Henry Branscom—Reside at No. 11 Henry avenue; I was acquainted with George Frech and remember his mysterious disappearance; at the request of Mr. Frech I went in a boat on October 12 to search for the missing boy; crawl down east shore of St. Joe river; I found the body; feet of body about eighteen inches from the shore; fall was down; could see the limbs from knees down; face about eight or ten inches under water; body resting on a willow, which supported it; body made from hips to knees; I rowed down the river about fifty feet to land; land where body was found was steep and covered with willows; I told Mrs. Frech and sent Jim Sproat to telephone the coroner; went back to the body and it was not disturbed until after the arrival of the coroner; nobody preceded the coroner to the body; an envelope and a necktie were found near the body; did not examine the envelope, but identified the necktie in court as the one I picked up, by Mr. Ott; the balance of the necktie was still on French's body; know nothing about the cloth being found; Nick Wyss and the coroner helped place the body in the boat; could not see the body from the bank; view obstructed by weeds, willows, grass and leaves; the top of land is twenty-five or thirty feet from where body was found; stood at top of bank and it was impossible to see the body where it lay.

The court here adjourned until 1:30.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The father and mother of the prisoner were both in court during the afternoon session.

The prosecution continued its examination of Henry Branscom.

Henry Branscom—Nicholas Weiss found a cloth in my presence between the top of the bank and the place where the body was found, about eight feet from the water; the cloth was introduced and identified by witness; it was a crooked stick, three feet in length and two inches in diameter.

Cross-examination—Live first door east of French's; Nicholas Weiss went with me to look for body, but he walked along the bank; Mrs. Frech borrowed the boat of Mrs. Ott; about half an hour after I started I saw the dinner bucket on the bank eighteen inches from the water and a few inches away Frech's shoes appeared above the water; I called to Mrs. Frech, who was on the river bank and told her to go on home as I believed I had found Frech's body; Gottlieb Honninger was on the bank when I went up; called to Weiss and then went back to the boat; rowed one person to see the body; Nick Weiss helped the coroner place the body in the boat; I was on the river bank; I could see Frech's legs under water, the water being very clear; don't know whether clothing was changed or not after I first saw the body; necktie was picked up by Frank Ott; I saw him stoop down and when he raised up he had the tie in his hand; don't know whether he picked it up at that time or not.

Louis Wiest—I live at 173 Gay street; work at Bass' foundry; knew George Frech; saw him last October 10; he was changing money for a colored man, Charley Jones; he had a ten dollar bill and some silver money; he gave Jones some money received in return a $5 bill; saw him with both bills, but did not notice what he did with the bills; I went out; don't know what kind of money I received in my pay envelope.

Frank Ott, sr.—Live next door to French's; knew George Frech; saw them place body in the boat; picked up necktie four feet from the shore and gave it to the coroner; could see the dead man's feet from the road through an aperture in trees.

Arthur Warman—Live at 64½ Glasgow avenue; work for the street car company; on October 10 was working as conductor on the Lakeside street car line; knew Claude Smith; took the car at 5 p. m. and operated it as conductor until 12 o'clock midnight; saw Claude Smith between 7:30 and 8 o'clock that night; he got on my car at near end of line; gave me 85 bill; I said, "Have you anything smaller?" Then he showed me a $10 bill and I said: "For God sake, where did you get all that money?" He replied, "I have been repairing boats and skiffs all over the Undivided Hades." Mr. Hinsom spread the examination into the great case just in front of where the Methodist divine was sitting, and when all was ready he cleared his throat and with great solemnity and in a loud, powerful and impressive voice:

"Brother Roesell, if this were my table I should invite you to partake, but being my Father's, I dare not!"

Mr. Roesell sauntered through the floor, Mr. Roesell sauntered out.

"Brother Gilmore, if this were your table, I should await your invitation, but being my Father's I shall help myself!" and, seizing the second row of the wood, reached over and with great solemnity and reverence took the bread and wine without molestation, to the intense amusement of the congregation.

They were both great lights in their churches, dearly beloved by their people and revered as models of severe Christian fervor that made itself felt and resulted in great good wherever their ministrations were carried on.—Marshall (Va.) Cor. Washington Star.

Just as It Should Be.

"What do you think I saw today?" asked the gentleman with the bald wig.

"I do not know what you saw today," said the gentleman with green whiskers. "What did you see today?"

"A straight girl with red hair."

"And a white horse!"

"Naw. A white mule came along."—Indianapolis Journal.

The seeds of the common watercress will, in tropical climates, attain a marvelous growth in a few hours, the plants being fit for table use in from 24 to 46 hours.

The ordinary rambler, made of the vegetation size, in common use in the glass factories, contains almost exactly half a pint.

Can We Be Busy After Christmas?

We shall try at any rate, and try hard. Some dealers take a snooze after Christmas. "No use trying," they say, "January is the dullest month in the year." We think this is a mistaken idea: A RELIC OF OLD FOGYISM.

We believe the people will buy after Christmas the same as before.

If But the Prices Are Low Enough.

Ours will be low enough during the month to be sure.

We Will Sell....

Our Men's Fine Suits and Overcoats

for less money than ever before offered in this part of the country. The balance of our Fine Suits and overcoats, now from $3.00 to $6.00, less than their actual value.

We won't pack away our winter goods till next year. We can't afford to carry dead capital. We much prefer selling what is still left at 1-2 their former value.

We Have Made a Deep Cut In—

CHILDREN'S SUITS and OVERCOATS, FINE ALL WOOL UNDERWEAR, FINE READY MADE TROUSERS.

And in our Hat, Cap and Glove Department, those who have waited until now to buy their goods CAN SAVE MONEY.

LEHMAN'S,

34 and 36 Calhoun Street.

DOMESTIC MARTYRS.

Lots of women suffer constantly, and silently never complain.

Good men rarely know the pain endured by the women of their own household, or the efforts they make to appear cheerful and happy when they ought to be in bed, their suffering is really so great.

Our habits of life and dress tell heavily upon women's delicate organizations.

They ought to be told that just where the dangerous lies, for upon the whole future may depend upon that knowledge, and how to overcome it.

There is no need of describing the experiences of such women here, they are too well known by those who have suffered, but we will impress upon every one that those who are the nervous-fainting symptoms of serious womb trouble, and unless relieved at once, a life will be forfeited.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound never fails to relieve the distressing troubles above referred to; it has held the faith of the women of America for twenty years.

It gives tone to the womb, strengthens the muscles, banishes backache and relieves all pains incident to women's diseases.

Nothing to Depend On.

Mr. Jamed Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Sons, Newark, N. J., writes: "I am speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her cough grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Paxa could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen regular bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it." Free trial bottles at Dreier Bros.' drug store.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle, at Dreier & Bro.'s drug store.

Buckle's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

French Candidates To Relize.

"There can be no longer any question," writes a "down east" correspondent, "that the French are in Maine to stay." Their numbers are placed at about 55,000, half of whom are congregated in the manufacturing cities of Biddeford, Saco, Lewiston, Auburn, Waterville and Brunswick. When they arrive from Canada, they are nearly always poor and unskilled, but they are quick to learn and are generally industrious enough to be valuable to their employers. Between 1,000 and 1,200 are owners of real estate, with property valued at something like $2,500,000. The French Canadians are nearly all Catholics, and to the strong hold of the church upon their lives is to be attributed their general good order and freedom from crime. They are making advances toward useful citizenship in Maine and must be counted a permanent and important element in the population.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Two Patients Consider Notes.

A Calais man who has been drinking a glass of cold water before each meal for three months, because his physician said it would make him thin but a thin man the other morning who has been trying the same plan six months on the advice of another physician, who said it would make him fat.—Bangor News.

Harper's Weekly

IN 1897

"With the end of the HARPER'S WEEKLY, and about its contents, it is difficult to speak in a critical spirit with the kind and generous feeling which the unequaled excellence of this most interesting and important journal must inevitably inspire in the reader. The publication of a single number of the WEEKLY is the accomplishment of a large, arduous, and costly enterprise, which, if it had not for the unchangeable of issues a constantly increasing interest, would be a marvel.

What the WEEKLY has been in its spirit and purpose, what it has been in its influence upon the intellectual life of America, it will continue to be. It will continue to be the best illustrated weekly in the world. It will contain during the year two complete novels, and a number of shorter stories. The prospectus has to do, indeed, to do for the reader of weekly what it does for the reader of the world of weekly events, what it will happen in the world, what it will be happening in the world, what it will be thought and talked about in the world. It will continue to be a family paper, which never contains an offensive word or line. It will continue to be the best illustrated weekly in the world, and the best family paper in the world, and the best weekly in the world. Nothing in the world of weekly can be better than the prospectus of the WEEKLY for 1897. Nothing can be better than the WEEKLY itself. Nothing can be better than the WEEKLY itself, and

SOUND ADVICE.

The Secret of a Beautiful Skin

Mother Dearest Whistler—(thinking bell) Look, uncle, look out.

Boston—Betsoh not be so learnin Miss Wheelah! fas' fing yo' know yo'll break dat bicycle bum.

HOW DO YOU DO

When Your Volumes of MAGAZINES are Completed

Do you lay them aside, thinking to have them bound sometime? Or do you have them made into PRETTY, DURABLE BOOKS, before they get misplaced?

THE ... SENTINEL

Binds them—strong and substantial—in a way that will ornament any book shelf, and the price—well, you'll be surprised when you hear it at

The Sentinel Office,

14 W. Wayne St.

G. SCHMIDT,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Has just received the Largest line of WINTER SUITINGS and OVER COATINGS ever shown by a Fort Wayne Merchant Tailor, at prices FAR BELOW anything ever offered to the public.

Remember the place

No. 70 East Main Street.

A. Hattersley & Son,

PLUMBERS,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTERS.

46 S. Main Street.

Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Change Meals Served to Women.

Young Women's Christian Association

ROOM REST.

34 WEST WASHINGTON ST.

Breakfast, 6:30 to 8. Dinner, 11:30 to 1.

Supper, 5:30 to 7:30.

The Pennsylvania Lines.

Western Ohio by Connecting Roads.

All Principal Ticket Offices.

Time Table in Effect Sept. 26, 1897.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne.

7:00 am	Chicago Express, Daily	Chicago
7:15 am	Fast Line, Daily	Pittsburg
7:30 am	Mail, Daily except Sunday	Chicago
12:05 pm	Chicago Express, Daily	Chicago
2:45 pm	Fast Line, Daily	Pittsburg
4:15 pm	Mail, Daily except Sunday	Chicago
11:00 pm	Chicago Express, Daily	Chicago
12:05 am	Fast Line, Daily	Pittsburg

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R.R.

In effect Sept. 26, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.

7:40 am	Mail, except Sunday	Grand Rapids and north
4:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Grand Rapids and north
11:55 pm	Chicago Express, daily	Grand Rapids and north

SOUTH BOUND.

12:05 am	Chicago Express, daily	Fort Wayne and south
11:45 am	Mail, except Sunday	Fort Wayne and south
3:35 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Fort Wayne and south

Chicago Depot, Clark and 12th streets.

Fare 2 and 3 cent local fares(), trains daily except Sunday.

EAST.	ARRIVE	DEPART
N. Y. & Boston Ex. No. 7	2:35 a.m.	2:40 a.m.
Atlantic Express, No. 5	8:00 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
Mail, No. 3	12:40 p.m.	12:50 p.m.
Local Freight	4:30 p.m.	6:30 p.m.
WEST.	ARRIVE	DEPART
Chicago Express, No. 8	12:05 a.m.	12:05 a.m.
Pacific Ex., No. 6	3:00 a.m.	3:20 a.m.
Mail, No. 4	10:50 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Fast Line, No. 2	12:45 p.m.	12:55 p.m.
Local Freight	7:30 p.m.	9:30 p.m.

Depot Ticket Office, Calhoun and Railroad streets.

EAST.	ARRIVE	DEPART
Detroit Express	10:00 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Toledo Express	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Detroit Express	7:00 p.m.	7:05 p.m.
WEST.		
Toledo Express	10:00 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Detroit Express	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Toledo Express	7:00 p.m.	7:05 p.m.

WABASH RAILROAD.

Time Card, Fort Wayne Division.

Effective Sunday, Oct. 3, 1897.

No.	GOING EAST.	DEPART.
21	N. Y. & Boston Ex., Daily	2:40 a.m.
5	Atlantic Ex., Sunday	4:00 a.m.
3	Mail, except Sunday	12:50 p.m.
9	Fast Mail & N. Y. Ex., Daily	11:00 p.m.
	GOING WEST.	
22	Pacific Ex., St. Louis, Daily	3:20 a.m.
6	Kansas City Express, Daily	12:55 p.m.
4	Mail, except Sunday	11:00 a.m.
8	Chicago Express, Daily	12:05 a.m.
10	Fast Mail, except Sunday	9:15 p.m.
12	Accommodation, except Sunday	6:30 a.m.

Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

L. E. & W. TIME TABLE.

No.	SOUTH.	
3	Mail (except Sunday)	1:05 a.m.
15	Toledo Freight	1:15 p.m.
5	Mail	3:45 p.m.
	NORTH.	
4	Mail (except Sunday)	11:25 a.m.
16	Toledo Freight	11:45 a.m.
6	Mail	8:45 p.m.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

Time Card, Fort Wayne Division.

6:00 am	Mail, except Sunday	Chicago
11:00 am	Mail, except Sunday	Chicago
3:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Chicago
11:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Chicago
11:00 am	Mail, except Sunday	Detroit
3:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Detroit
11:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Detroit

Depot Ticket Office, Calhoun and Railroad streets.

11:00 am	Mail, except Sunday	Toledo
3:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Toledo
11:00 pm	Mail, except Sunday	Toledo

FIREMAN HURT.

WARREN CARPENTER HAS AN ARM FRACTURED.

The X Rays Brought Into Requisition in Reducing the Fracture—Death of George McGuire.

The efficacy of the Roentgen X rays as an auxiliary to the practice of surgery was amply exemplified last evening in the case of Warren Carpenter, who had the misfortune to have an arm broken.

Mr. Carpenter is employed at the electric light works as fireman and a part of his duties is to look after a heating and ventilating fan, which is ordinarily located in the boiler room. About 4 o'clock he was wiping the frame of the fan with a bundle of waste when in some manner he slipped and his arm was thrust into the drum of the machine and the rapidly revolving blades struck it and broke the bones between the wrist and the elbow.

Dr. M. F. Porter was summoned, and, after ascertaining the extent of the injuries, pronounced them serious and ordered the unfortunate man taken to the Barrows gallery, where the fluoroscope was applied. By the powerful X-rays it was seen that the bones were broken and splintered badly and the pieces were only gotten into line with great difficulty. One of the fragments of the bone was turned completely around in the flesh and was very hard to get back into position, but the operation was finally accomplished and the wounded limb placed in splints. Under old methods it would have been impossible to adjust the broken bones and the parts would be long in uniting, if they healed at all. There were a half-dozen other doctors present to witness the application of the X rays to surgery in the case and they are unanimous in the verdict that it was a wonderful success. Mr. Carpenter is resting as comfortable today as could be expected considering the seriousness of his injuries. He resides at No. 30 Baker street.

A FALSE RUMOR.

It was rumored about the depots this morning that a second fireman and fireman were seriously injured in a wreck in South Chicago last evening. Inquiry at the railway offices failed to confirm the report and there is evidently no truth in it. During the prevalence of the snow storm in Chicago last evening, a high class freight train ran into a train which preceded it, but did no damage to life, limb or rolling stock. The little accident may have been the source from which sprang the report of the injury to enginemen.

ORDERED HOME MACHINERY.

Orders are beginning to come in to the Rich office works, after a lull of several days. Yesterday Messrs. Schulien & Wannemacher, of Ottoville, Ohio, placed an order with the firm for a large boiler and all the appurtenances of a complete boiler plant. There are several other orders of a like character in sight and the firm hopes to close the deals in a few days.

RECEIVERSHIPS IN 1896.

The Railway Age publishes a lengthy article on receiverships and foreclosures of last year, in which it shows that during last year thirty-four roads with 5,441 miles of lines each bond and stock holder of a share gets 20,000 shares of the stock of railways operated by receivers. The most important failure of the year was that of the Baltimore and Ohio, with 2,004 miles of road and over $124,000,000 of bonds and stocks, besides heavy floating debt and arrears of interest. The bankruptcy of this old and formerly profitable company was discouraging evidence of the effects of unlimited competition. The other notable failures include the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, 501 miles and $28,750,000 of liabilities; the six roads forming the Vanderlip system, aggregating nearly 600 miles and $24,000,000 of bonds and stock; the Pittsburg and Western, involved in the embarrassment of the Baltimore and Ohio, 332 miles and $18,500,000 and two related eastern roads, the Central Vermont and Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain, covering 778 miles of road and nearly $17,000,000 of investment. The other insolvents represent smaller mileage, although the aggregate losses involved to bondholders, stockholders and other creditors are by no means insignificant. In 1896 no less than fifty-eight roads were sold for their creditors, representing 13,230 miles of lines and the enormous capitalization of over $1,140,000,000, as the following table shows: Among the principal systems that have passed through the costly ordeal of reorganization are these: Detroit, Lansing and Northern, 320 miles, $9,300,000 of bonds and stock; Grand Rapids and Indiana, 238 miles, $19,500,000; Chesapeake and Ohio Southwestern, 399 miles, $11,000,000; Oregon Railway and Navigation, 1,062 miles, including a leased line sold separately, and $33,600,000; Norfolk and Western system, three separate sales, 1,377 miles and $123,500,000; and two vast systems, Philadelphia and Reading, with 1,377 miles and $237,000,000, not counting the heavy separate capitalization of its coal and iron company, and Northern Pacific, a combination of 4,488 miles of lines with a capitalization of the parent company aggregating $241,000,000. It is easy to write tens of millions and hundreds of millions, but the mere statement gives little idea of the immense loss to investors which is involved in the process of receivership, sale and scaling down of obligations necessary to starting out on a new career.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments have been made on the Baltimore and Ohio:

E. J. McCurdy has been appointed freight and ticket agent at Dunbar, Pa., vice G. Z. Hershberger.

W. E. Walker has been appointed freight agent at Parkersburg, W. Va., vice John Adair.

J. B. Williams has been appointed train master of the Middle division, with headquarters at Cumberland, Md.

J. E. Glenn has been appointed freight and ticket agent at Harrisonburg, Va., vice R. R. Dunthat, resigned.

TRAINING A HIGH SPEED LOCOMOTIVE.

It seems curious that a locomotive should have to be put through a course of training very much like that of a trotter, in order to bring it to the highest speed efficiency, but it is nevertheless a fact. From a fortnight to two months are required to bring one of the fine new locomotives, such as carry the Empire State Express or fly between New York, Philadelphia and Atlantic City into perfect condition. When the engines are first brought from the shop they are inclined to be stiff, awkward and refractory in many instances, and if an attempt were made to run them at a speed of from seventy to ninety miles an hour the result would be apt to be disastrous in the injury it would do the machine. So for a short time the new locomotive is first put on to an ordinary run on the main line. This is not only to get its bearings worn down and its parts into properly adjusted relationship, but also to get it accustomed, so to speak, to the track.

Any locomotive engineer will tell you that the engine seems to have a great many human qualities—that it will have moods, and at one time run well, and another be perverse and intractable. It is for this reason that, as a rule, the same engineer always runs the same engine. Usually there are two crews, one of which works the engine one day and the other the next, but the engineer himself always has his own engine. As a rule, when a locomotive is put on to a road the engineer who is to take it when it is put into fast service, assumes charge of it from the beginning and does the breaking in himself. This is done in order to enable the engineer to acquire the most intimate acquaintanceship with his machine, so that he will understand its capabilities perfectly. It is a curious fact that, of two engines built in the same shop, and with almost identical castings, very often one will exhibit a wide variation in action from the other. They differ almost as widely as engineers themselves, and by making the acquaintanceship of an engine early in life, the engineer comes to regard his machine as a sort of second self.

DEATH OF GEORGE M'GUIRE.

News from Chicago last evening was to the effect that George McGuire had died in that city after an illness of three days with pneumonia. The deceased leaves a wife and one small child. George was born and reared in this city, being the son of the well known engineer, Thomas McGuire, formerly of the Pittsburg road, but now an employe of the Grand Rapids and Indiana and a resident of Grand Rapids. The remains will be taken to the latter city for interment. The deceased was thirty years old.

George McGuire, for several months before his late sickness, was employed as a traveling salesman for a Chicago railway supply house. Previously he was the roadmaster on the northern division of the Grand Rapids road.

MINOR MENTION.

J. F. Umbreit, Nickel Plate brakeman, is taking a few days' recreation.

Gus Meyers, of the Bass blacksmith shop, is off duty on account of sickness.

Superintendent E. A. Guild, of the Wabash, was in the city last evening for a few hours.

After an illness of two months, Fireman George Wotell has resumed work on the Nickel Plate.

Brakeman Schoonover has been given a regular run, with Conductor Spangler, on the Nickel Plate.

Pennsylvania coaches 51 and 207 were taken into the east car shops this morning for light repairs.

H. Hellwig has been transferred from the Pittsburg planing mills to the east car shop lumber yards.

Nickel Plate Brakeman R. W. Springer has resumed his run on the west local, after a holiday vacation.

H. Matthewson, of the Pittsburg planing mills, has gone to Lima, Ohio, to attend to some private business.

Sickness keeps C. Beuler, F. Thompson, W. Fetters and W. F. Shafer, of the Pittsburg shops, from their work.

Edward Lough, an employe of the Pittsburg shops since 1861, but now a superannuate on account of the infirmities of age, has returned from Wisconsin, where he spent five or six months with relatives.

The trip north was beneficial and Mr. Leach came home in much better health than when he left here last summer.

Business of importance will come before the meeting of the Machinists' union tomorrow evening. A large attendance is earnestly desired.

Nickel Plate passenger train No. 5 came in over an hour late last evening. Delay was due to the High winds which prevailed during the day.

Engineer C. Brandemeier has taken his place at the throttle of a Nickel Plate engine, after an absence of two weeks on account of the sickness of his son.

L. P. Abell has resigned as draughtsman at the electric works and today left for New Haven, Conn., where he will take a position with the Walker company.

W. L. Hunt, who had been employed as a brakeman on the Nickel Plate for some months, resigned that position last night. He has not decided what he will engage at.

C. N. Taylor, yard conductor of the lake shore, has been detained at home since last Thursday by the serious illness of Mrs. Taylor, who is afflicted with typhoid pneumonia.

Peter Weimer and M. P. Gaskill, of the Pittsburg paint shop, and two very enthusiastic hunters, failed to show up for work this morning and are supposed to be out after rabbits.

J. Arnold, a Pennsylvania car builder, was called to Delphos, Ohio, this morning, by a telegram which stated that one of his relatives was lying dangerously ill there.

Ira F. Case, Nickel Plate yard foreman, had an ankle badly sprained yesterday and will be unable to work for several days. His place in the yard, is being filled by George I. Olmstead.

B. Bond, Nickel Plate fireman, had the misfortune to sprain his back last Saturday and has since been unable to go out upon his run. That duty is being performed by Thomas Lynch.

The work of invoicing has interfered with the shipping of electrical machinery somewhat, but an occasional dynamo is sent out. This morning the electric works shipped a 225-lighter to Columbia, Tenn.

Frank Girard, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, has recovered from an illness which disabled him for three weeks. John F. Bast has also recovered from an illness and has resumed work in the smith shop.

Samuel Dunbar, who accompanied the remains of his grandfather to Shreve, Ohio, where they were interred last Sunday, has returned to the city and this morning resumed his duties in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop.

On account of ill health, which forbids night work, Engineer Frank Huxley has traded positions with Engineer B. Baughman's last is now running engine 515 in the Nickel Plate yards. Mr. Baughman is on engine 20 on the Third district.

The Engineering and Mining Journal is authority for the statement that of the seven or more of iron furnaces in the south, that of the Rock Run Iron and Mining company, of which Hon. J. H. Bass is the head, was the only one which continued constantly in operation during the year 1896.

Jacob Wellman, the venerable uncle of Bollermaker J. C. Heine, of the Bass works, is lying quite ill at the home of his nephew, Mr. Wellman was for a number of years engaged in farming near New Haven, but old age has compelled him to relinquish farm labor and he now makes his home with his younger relatives.

Charles H. Meek has returned to his duties as chief operator in the Nickel Plate yard office, after an absence on account of sickness of several weeks. His return has brought about the following changes: Operator Frank Beatle has been returned to Knox and A. A. Gilson has been returned to night duty in the yard office.

William Kelley, of the electric works, has returned from Texas, where he spent the holidays with his parents. The trip north was attended by several thrilling experiences with high water, especially in Arkansas, where the low lands were all inundated. At one place the waters had covered the tracks to the depth of two or three feet and the fire under the engine's boiler was extinguished and the train delayed several hours.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A Violent Death.

"Before we were married, you often said you were willing to die for me," sobbed Mrs. Shingles, "and yet you won't eat this angel cake I have made."

"Well, I am still willing to die for you, my dear," protested Mr. Shingles, "but surely you don't wish me to die such a violent death"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonial, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists 75c.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

HOBBS

Mission in Ft. Wayne Fulfilled.

There is no Longer Any Reason Why People Should Suffer With Kidney Disease.

There Is a Remedy in Your Midst That Will Cure You.

And That Remedy Is Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills.

The prediction made by Dr. Hobbs in the papers of this city some weeks ago, that by the use of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, the total number of those suffering from kidney troubles in Fort Wayne would be reduced at least 25 per cent. during that time, has been fully verified.

Could the public but read all of the tender and grateful letters which are daily received by the owners of this grand remedy from cured patients, letters full to overflowing from joyful hearts once more restored to health after years of suffering and misery—the good this grand medicine has accomplished, and is accomplishing today, would be more than ever realized by the public.

There is nothing that can cause any honest physician greater satisfaction and pleasure than to feel that he has been the means of restoring lost health to some fellow creature.

ELEVEN YEARS OF PAIN.

Officer Dumke and His Kidney Troubles—Nothing Gave Any Relief for Years—A Physician Finally Recommended Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills, Which Cured Him.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12th, '96.

Hobbs Remedy Co.:

GENTLEMEN: For years I have been suffering from a weak back and severe pains in the region of my kidneys, my first serious troubles dating at the age of twenty-four years. At that time the muscles of my back near my kidneys seemed to become paralyzed. I was carried to my home in terrible agony, and for days had to be turned in my bed, having lost all use of the muscles of my back.

Since that time I have been a constant sufferer from kidney trouble. At the age of twenty-seven, I became a patrolman in the police department of Chicago, and have since that time, served as a crossing officer in the busiest district, being constantly on my feet for nine hours per day in all weathers. I had been a constant sufferer from pains in my back and sides, shortness of wind, swelling in my feet and ankles, and I feared I had Bright's Disease of the kidneys. I had tried a great many so-called remedies, including plasters, electrical appliances, etc., and took medicine enough to disorder my stomach, but found no permanent relief. I was finally advised by a friend, a physician, to try Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills and I did, but I hadn't much faith in them, because I had tried so many medicines, without getting relief. I had lost faith. After a few doses, however, I thought I noticed a change for the better, so I continued till I had taken four boxes. I was cured. Four boxes of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills had done for me what $40 worth of drugs had been unable to do. I am now in perfect health. I am 35 years of age, measure six feet two, and weigh 220 pounds. I have a good appetite, my back seems quite well and stronger than ever before, and, although I am still standing on the paving stones for nine hours each day, I feel no fatigue in my back.

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills have been so me a friend, indeed, and I still take them at intervals as a preventative, and to strengthen my back and muscles.

Yours respectfully,

OFFICER O. E. DAMKE,

1st Precinct Police.

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, 50 cents a box. Six for $2.50.

FOR SALE BY

GROSS & PELLENS,

Druggists,

Calhoun, Cor. of Wayne Sts.,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

Attend the National Monetary Convention at Indianapolis Jan. 12-14, '97.

One fare for the round trip.

Via Ft. W., C. & L. and Big 4 Rys. Tickets on sale Jan. 10th, 11th and 12th and good returning up to and including Jan. 15th, 1897.

E. E. PHILLEY, Agent.

6 to 12 Ft. W., C. & L. R. R.

Happy Days.

SUFFERING MEN which results from the effects of youthful indiscretion, or the excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, leading to premature decay, nervous prostration, lost manhood, etc., we will send free by mail, sealed, a valuable medical treatise, explaining the nature of these diseases and showing how they may be cured by simple, natural means. Address, Pacific Medical Institute, San Francisco, Cal.

Sexine Pills

The famous Ruis and Nerve Food, brings about the desired results in many cases within a month. Gives the vital organs strength and tone, restores nervous vigor and vitality, prevents premature decay, and a clear brain. Ready restoration of health.

$1.00 Per Box, 6 Boxes, $5.00.

A legal guarantee to cure or refund the money with every $5.00 order. Address, Pacific Medical Institute, San Francisco, Cal.

For Sale by A. J. KELLER, Druggist, Corner Calhoun and Washington Sts., Fort Wayne, Ind.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

For the first, or at most the second stage of Gleet, Stricture, Leucorrhœa, Whites, Inflammation, Ulceration and Irritation of the Urinary Organs, Kidneys and Bladder. Prevents Stricture, Prevents Gleet, Prevents Whites. Sold by Druggists.

WOOD LATHING DOOMED.

Growing Demand From Nearly All Architects For Iron or Steel Devices.

One industry which is declining in this country is the manufacture of wooden laths. It is not owing to any general decrease of building, nor to business depression, but to the growing demand from nearly all architects for metallic lathing in the construction of the partitions of modern buildings. Metallic lathing issued less with a view to making the buildings fireproof than to making the walls and partitions stronger and less likely to crack. Ordinary wooden laths are nailed to the studdings while still green or wet from moisture to the extent that they will make no difference if they were perfectly dry, for the mortar would quickly moisten them. Then comes the drying out process. As the laths dry they twist and turn, cracking the mortar and weakening the wall.

The wooden lath is deemed cheapest for the construction of the cheapest kind of buildings. The advantages of any form of metal laths are so great that architects have no difficulty in persuading prospective builders to use them to the exclusion of wood.

The evolution of the lath is rather interesting. In the early days, just after the log cabin era in this country, a plastered wall was looked upon as a luxury. Straight, smooth hewn from hard wood and the laths were riven by hand from the straightest grained timber obtainable and occasionally dressed with the drawknife or spokeshave when too thick for use. They were fastened to the studding with handmade nails costing 2 or 3 shillings a pound, and before the rough coat of mortar and hair was put on the lathed wall presented a ragged appearance, having no straight lines anywhere and showing chinks varying from a mere crack up to fully an inch when a crooked lath came in juxtaposition to a moderately straight one. Then came the sawed laths, each one ripped from the edge of an inch and a quarter plank with a hatchet. Next came the lathe, made one at a time with circular saws, and then came the gangsaw machine, which made dozens of laths at one cut. These laths were cut from the log with a shaving knife and chopped into widths as toothpicks and cigar lighters are.

The next innovation was a metal lath made of thin sheet iron strips ribbed or having the edges turned over to give strength. Perforated sheet iron with ragged punctures, in which the mortar would climb, succeeded the strips, and wire netting lathing was introduced. It was generally strengthened with ribs of coarser wire and is still extensively used, not only for partitions, but for concrete floors as well.

Within a few years scores of patents have been granted for metallic lathing, and in almost every instance they have been for making sheet steel plates provided with slits or perforations to hold the mortar. Several varieties are designed to not more surface out of the metal sheet than by mere perforating and are known as expanded metal lathing. One company has had almost a monopoly of expanding metal in this manner by the use of an ingenious machine, upon which it has patents here and abroad. The sales run up to considerably more than $1,000,000 a year in the United States, it is said. This lath is sold fully to double the width of the original plate from which it is cut. Recently another company has produced a machine by which even more expansion is gained by an ingenious form of cutting and corrugating. All this is clear gain, and the effort is being directed to getting the greatest lightness with the highest metal, which means more gain to the makers.—New York Sun.

William Morris.

It was not long before his death that William Morris said to a friend, "I have enjoyed my life: few more more so." When he was talked to concerning the peril of such a life of intellectual tension as his, he laughed at the talker. "Look at Gladstone," he would say. "Look at those who owls, your chancellors and your judges. Don't they live all the longer for work? It is rust that kills men, not work."

His concentration was marvelous. "The Lovers of Gudrun," which many of the readers delight in as his most beautiful poem, was practically produced at a sitting. He worked at it from 4 o'clock in the morning till 4 in the afternoon, and when he rose from the table he had written 750 lines.

Eyes See by Their Own Light.

Holmholtz has shown that the fundi of the eyes are themselves luminous. In making an experiment he was able to see in total darkness, the movements of his arms by the light of his own eyes! Oculists and physiologists declare that this is one of the most remarkable experiments recorded in the history of the sciences. Probably there are but few men living who could satisfactorily repeat the experiment, for the reason that it is very likely that the luminosity of the human eye is associated with uncommon activity of the brain, in the phosphorescence of the brain, as it were.—St. Louis Republic.

What We May Expect.

"Have you been able to catch the speaker's eye?" asked the first lady member of parliament.

"Hush!" rejoined the second M. P. "Well, author, I wore my new blue bangalino with the bellstrope gloves, and the speaker could not keep his eye off me."—London Fun.

A Merry Monarch.

The shade of Charles I made no denial.

"It is true," it finally remarked, "that I lost my head. But can you wonder? The way I got it in the neck was something awful."—Detroit Tribune.

The wasp and the fly are irreconcilable enemies. The presence of a wasp' nest is a guarantee to the whole neighborhood of the absence of flies.

IS IT CURABLE?

A Question Often Asked by Those Afflicted with Piles.

It is a strained point curable in local inflammation curable? Of course, if properly treated. He is piles.

People often become afflicted with piles and ask some old "chronic" who has always persisted in the wrong treatment and naturally he discourages them by telling them that their case is hopeless.

They in turn discourage others, and the disease that can in every case be cured by careful and skillful handling is allowed to run the energy of thousands who might free themselves of the trouble in a few days.

Pyramid Pile Cure will cure the most aggravated case of hemorrhoids in one sustained dose, and in every case be cured by careful and skillful handling is allowed to run the energy of thousands who might free themselves of the trouble in a few days.

Pyramid Pile Cure will cure the most aggravated case of hemorrhoids in one sustained dose, and in every case be cured by careful and skillful handling. It relieves the constant and almost unbearable itching at once, and makes the tedious and painful operation of the knife unnecessary. Pyramid Pile Cure is a positive surgical treatment have been cured by the Pyramid Pile Cure in a number of instances persons who had gone months in a hospital under a pile specialist.

It is a remedy that none need fear to apply even to the most aggravated, swollen and inflamed hemorrhoidal tumors.

If you are afflicted with this stubborn disease you can cure it just as sure as it is cured. This remedy is no longer an experiment, but a medical certainty. It is manufactured by the Pyramid Drug Co., of Albion, Mich., and is sold by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00 per box. It is becoming the most popular pile cure this country has ever known and druggists everywhere are ordering it for their customers.

$2.75 KELLY SHOWER BATH RING, —AND— Hot Water Proof Hose.

Prevents Wetting Head, Floor and Walls.

Worsted Water Closets.

Free Great Water Closets, Self-Acting Water Closets, Self Stop and Waste Cock.

Thos. Kelly & Bros.,

182 Madison St., Chicago.

Send for Catalogue.

INFANT HEALTH SENT FREE

A little book that should be in every home. Issued by the manufacturers of the

Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk

N. Y. Condensed Milk Co.

71 Hudson St., New York.

Ladies Who Value

a refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; good wages. 38 W. Jefferson. 207

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 32 West Washington street. 207

WANTED—Dressmaking and family sewing, over corner Hanson and Lafayette streets. 207

WANTED—A situation by a young married man; can furnish good references; can do any work. Address Wm. Ellis, care Sentinel. 207

WANTED—Call at the Associated Charities office if you want a little good boy, or a good reliable engineer or fireman. Room 24, City Hall, Lafayette and Main streets. 207

WANTED—Small and large, for sale and exchange, improved and unimproved, cheap, in private family; children and invalids preferred. Address Mrs. Dr. Bentley, care Sentinel. 207

WANTED—Agents to earn $100 a month. Good salary or commission. Address Mr. Wm. Ellis, Sentinel office. 207

WANTED—Rent to a responsible manner for a term of years, a large or small farm, or a good business stand, with good opportunity can improve the same, deal for cash. Address, Rent, Sentinel office. 207

WANTED—Two good women to take charge of a small sum of money and manage a business. Address, Business Sentinel, box 797, city. 207

WANTED—Ten good WOMEN out of employment and $2 million dollars worth of work. Address Mrs. Dr. Bentley, care Sentinel. 207

WANTED—Rent to a responsible manner for a term of years, a large or small farm, or a good business stand, with good opportunity can improve the same, deal for cash. Address, Rent, Sentinel office. 207

WANTED—Two good women to take charge of a small sum of money and manage a business. Address, Business Sentinel, box 797, city. 207

$100.00 to $2,000 to loan on first-class real estate security, small sums preferred. Address, Loan, Sentinel office. 207

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Six primary complete sets, very reasonable. Call at 32 West Washington street. 207

FOR SALE OR TRADE—If you want to buy, sell or trade your farm, or exchange for City property, call on R. Priestley, 5 and 6 Bank Block. 207

FOR SALE—Thoroughly well built cottage, conveniences on Gibson and Smith streets, close to Pennsylvania shops; lot 40 feet front; cellar, cistern, gas, with city water and natural gas. Apply on premises. 207

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One 160 acre farm, one 120 acre farm, one 80 acre farm, one 80 acre farm, one 40 acre farm, four 10 acre farms, four 5 acre tracts, one 10 acre farm and one 5 acre tract, all within 4 miles of the Court House. Inquire of R. Kintzinger & Co., 21 Calhoun street, upstairs. 17

FOR SALE—SPECIAL—2 cows, horse, full set of farming implements, $35 per month, for one month. Some of the best farms in the county. Also for sale, 2 good horses, 3 cows, farm of 40 acres, 4 miles from city, 4 miles to school, 2 miles to church, 2 miles to good pike, $2,000 cash, balance on time. Money to loan on first mortgages at 6 per cent. Call on or address, Lock Box 1, Fort Wayne, Ind. 17

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, modern conveniences, 106 East Berry street. 207

FOR RENT—In excellent storeroom on Calhoun street. Apply, Sentinel office. 17

FOR RENT—Three, furnished or unfurnished rooms, $10 to $18 per month. 22 East Washington street. 17

FOR RENT—Small nicely furnished room, suitable for gentleman; suitable for light housekeeping. Inquire at 32 West Washington. 17

FOR RENT—Dwelling, No. 52 South Calhoun street, 8 rooms, hot and cold water, gas fixtures, bath, etc. Inquire of Dr. Bell, 52 South Calhoun street. 17

FOR RENT—Dwelling No. 32 South Calhoun street, 8 rooms, hot and cold water, gas fixtures, bath, etc. Inquire of Dr. Bell, 52 South Calhoun street. 17

FOR RENT—Dwellings No. 16 West Washington, No. 17 Wayne, No. 17 Middle, No. 17 Lafayette, No. 17 Brackenridge, No. 17 Hanna, 1 Brackenridge rooms at No. 32 Lafayette, 1 Brackenridge dwelling, No. 1 Hanna avenue, near New market. No. 1 Brackenridge, No. 1 Hanna, No. 1 Wayne, No. 1 Lafayette, No. 32 Lafayette street. No. 22 Wayne street, 6 East Main street and 20 Clinton street. 17

FOR RENT & WILSON.

7 Court street, first floor.

LOST.

LOST OR STRAYED—Black white Irish setter dog, answering to name of Ned. Finder will be paid for his return to 101 Hanna street. 207

LOST—Black leather pocket book with silver fret and initials on the outside, containing $5 in money and a check for $10. Finder will be rewarded. 207

LOST—Michigan sewing machine. 207

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERRY,

Office and Residence, 26 Madison St.

Specialty—Diseases of Women.

Hours—10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 4 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.

Telephone 1000.

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,

... LAWYER ...

Insurance, Collecting and Loan Agent.

Represents 20 Million Dollars.

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

Avelino House Block.

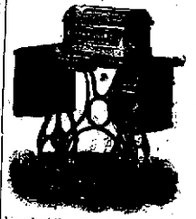
LADIES

Don't Read This!

Because we want your husband to have the pleasure of surprising you with one of our Standard Sewing Machines for a

CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

The Standard Rotary Shuttle sews 840 stitches with 60 turns less of the



big wheel than the vibrator shuttles do. Does it pay to run a slow machine?

We also have Rogers' Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and a full line of CARVETTS, and the Only Lace Curtain Frame Made.

Call and see us before you buy.

Please Ask For Our 1897 Calender.

Pfeiffer & Schlatter,

38 and 40 East Columbia St.

J. C. PELTIER,

Undertaker and Embalmer.

17 West Wayne Street

OLD WELSELL DENTIST

34 & 36 Clinton St.

F. J. ZIMMERLY & CO.,

Practical Plumbers,

Gas and Steam Fitters.

NO. 128 CALHOUN STREET

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MUSICAL DIRECTOR.

MRS. N. B. MATHERS,

Formerly NOTAK, Pr

ALL GOODS AT COST

Is the ring all over this store, and we do it up to the letter. Not in a long time has a sale started off with such a vim.

All Over This Store

Everything at Cost.

But as usual, the central point of attraction is the magnificent line of

Housekeeping Linens

offered at this annual Linen Sale. No such a line in quantity, variety, beauty and low priced was ever so temptingly laid before Ft. Wayne housekeepers.

Linen Items of interest:
Three handsome Bleached Table Damasks.
Wonderfully clean Cream Table Damasks.
The elegant display of Napkins.
Towels: handsomer, better and cheaper than you've ever bought before.
Many beautiful Art Linens, White Quilts, Toweling by the yard, Table Covers, Table Paddings, Etc.

YOU GET HERE AT COST

All your Winter Underwear.
All your Muslin Underwear.
All your Blankets and Comforts, Flannels, Outings, Cotton Flannels, Tickings, Shirtings, Sheetings and the whole line of Cotton Goods throughout the store.
All Corsets sold at cost; and the finest collection of good corsets in the state is here.

Housekeepers are specially directed to the advantages of this annual cost sale to the

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Everything at cost--Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Portieres, Linoleums, Shades, Etc. All new lines entering the store daily goes at once on sale--at Cost.
Women's Wraps, Coats, Jackets, Capes, at cost.
All Dress Goods at Exact Cost.
No goods charged during this sale. All goods sold strictly for cash.

ROOT & CO.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
By Depositing It With the
Allen County Loan & Savings Association,
32 East Berry Street.
Pay our New Plan. Shares $100 each per month. Matures in twenty-seven months.
No Fines or Membership Fee.

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, Rooms 6-7, Bass Blk. 217

25 ...PER CENT. Discount

On all Men's, Boys' and Children's

Overcoats, Ulsters and Reefers,

From our already low prices during the month of January.

Sam, Pete & Max.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT.

You'll enjoy life better if you have an

EVERETT

To help you forget your troubles. For further particulars on this subject, apply

GUY CONKLIN,
34 E. Berry Street.

The EVERETT PIANO.

The Evening Sentinel.

TUESDAY, JAN. 5, 1897.

OUR TELEPHONES.
Business office . . . . . No. 1312.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . No. 1310.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—For Indiana: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; colder in southeast portion tonight; brisk westerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Judge Dawson is indisposed.

F. V. Cullerrison has returned from Decatur.

The Students Art league will hold a meeting this evening.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Meyers, of Barr street—a son.

The condition of Dr. S. B. Brown continues to be one of improvement.

Dr. A. B. Roler was in the city yesterday, the guest of Messrs. Nipe.

There will be an important meeting of the Apollo Musical society this evening.

Miss Bertha Hall, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John S. Lurwell, has returned home.

Miss Jackson, of Goshen, who has been the guest of Miss Charlotte Lowry, returned home today.

Misses Julia Hanna and Clara Carnahan left this noon for the east, where they are attending school.

Miss John Hane, who has been the guest of Miss Elizabeth Knight, has returned to her home in the east.

Mrs. Ben Rosenthal is entertaining Mrs. Ben Lehman, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Flora Lurl, of Moberly, Mo.

Col. D. N. Foster has returned from a meeting of the board of trustees for the Soldiers' home at Lafayette.

J. F. Wing, the architect, is at Greenfield, Ind., where he is superintending the construction of a new court house.

Tomorrow at Indianapolis will occur the marriage of Dr. W. W. Mangen, of this city, to Miss Edith Grinstead.

The subscription paper to form a stock company to back a base ball team next season, is being circulated with marked success.

Judge Samuel W. Cartwright, of Circleville, Ohio, who has been the guest of his daughter, Mrs. E F. Dunn, has returned home.

Columbia City Post: "Merlin Wilmpand sister, Grace, of Fort Wayne, who have been the guests of Dr. Wilmp, returned home Saturday evening."

A number of attorneys from Fort Wayne have returned from Kendallville, where they attended the funeral of Judge L. E. Goodwin yesterday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Gant and Mrs. Alice Outhuit, of Payne, Ohio, spent New Years with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Farra, of Columbia street, as did also a nephew, Ira Beams.

The members of the choir of the West Berry street M. E. church were handsomely entertained last evening by Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Schell at their home in Lakeside.

At a meeting of the Associated Charities yesterday afternoon addresses were made by Mrs. A. D. Gulil, Dr. Henson, Rev. A. E. Zartman, Rabbi Cohn and A. D. Craig.

The many friends of Charles Talmage will regret to learn that he has resigned his position with the Seavey Hardware Co. to accept a responsible place in an Indianapolis house.

Mrs. A. Weil returned home after a pleasant sojourn with her mother at Cincinnati. She was accompanied home by her brother, L. Striker, of Cincinnati, who will remain a few days.

The Ladies' auxiliary to the city Y. M. C. A. will meet at the association building tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. As business of importance is to be transacted a large attendance is desired.

Our charitable and religious institutions should take advantage of G. E. Bursley & Co.'s great offer in this paper. It properly looked after and worked much money might be raised through this source.

The bakers' ordinance has been discussed and amended in committee and is now ready to go before the council for passage. It provides that all loaves must be either sixteen or twenty-four ounces in weight.

Tomorrow evening Father Anthony council, Catholic Benevolent legion, will install the following officers: Spiritual director, the Rev. Ferdinand Koenig; president, J. F. Becker; vice president, Henry Hosch; chancellor, D. Klotz; orator, Frank Lauer; secretary, J. J. Franke; collector, Nick Cheesarulli; marshal, Stephen Garik; sentinel, John Stark; trustees, John Schnurr, Gustav Lauer, John Schnitker; alternate, Joseph Zurbach.

No Advance on Sugar.

Good Brown Sugar, 5c lb.
Extra C Yellow, 5½c lb.
Standard Coffee A, 6c lb.
Standard Granulated, 4¾c lb.
Oil Leaf and Powdered, 4¾c lb.
FRANK HOCKE.

The North Side reading room will will give a social at their room, on Wells street, Tuesday evening, Jan. 12. Games and supper.

Evaporated Apples 5 Cents.

They are away down this season the lowest they have ever sold at. Just received six thousand pounds dried from Newark, New York, the very nicest kind of fruit, only 5c pound.

Domestic Dried Apples, 4c lb.
FRANK HOCKE.

A. D. Schaffer, of Hartford City, is in the city.

P. W. Smith, of Richmond, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. George P. Doswell, of West Main street, is very ill.

R. S. Alden spent today in Portland, Ind., on legal business.

E. M. Rosenthal, of New York, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Rev. C. C. Cissell will preach at the Simpson M. E. church tonight.

Charles Olds left last night for Princeton university to continue his studies.

Charles Beal left this noon for Orchard Lake, Mich., where he is attending school.

Mrs. James B. Harper, who has been seriously indisposed, is now able to be up and about.

The Tuesday club will entertain gentlemen friends at the home of Misses Pfeiffer this evening.

Secretary Wight, of the City Y. M. C. A., who has been very ill of the grip, is rapidly recovering.

Hon. L. J. Bobilya left at noon today for Indianapolis, to take his seat in the house of representatives.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Wilson and son, who have been visiting relatives at Wabash, have returned home.

Degree of Honor lodge No. 2, A. O. U. W., will install officers tonight. The semi-annual reports will be read.

Kendallville Sun: "Judge A. A. Chapin, of Fort Wayne, attended the funeral of Judge L. E. Goodwin here today."

Mrs. M. J. McAndrews and son, Robert, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gavin, of No. 8 Harmer street.

On last Sunday, at the Baptist church, the hand of fellowship was given to six new members and six others were baptized.

Miss Grace Glenn, who has been the guest of her parents in this city, has returned to Chicago, where she is engaged in mission work.

Mr. and Mrs. George Sattler and children, who have been the guests of Township Trustee Schmeltzer have returned to their home in Lafayette.

Prof. J. D. Harper, of Purdue Polytechnique institute, who has been the guest of Superintendent Study and family, has returned to Terre Haute.

Mrs. Edwin F. Dalwin, of Erie, Pa., who spent the holidays with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. L. T. Sturgis, left for her home this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. U. B. Jones, of Crawfordsville, and Mrs. Henry Davies, of Van Wert, are the guests of Landlord W. D. Jones, of the New Aveline.

The case against the operators of the policy gambling game, which has been several times postponed, will be called for trial before Justice Blake this afternoon.

John Wessell gave a farewell party to his schoolmates and little friends last evening and this morning left for Rensselaer, Ind., to enter the Catholic school.

Romy & Bobilya have sold to Mrs. J. Reel, lot No. 32, L. M. Jones' addition, on Sixth Ann avenue. Mrs. Reel expects to erect a handsome home on the property.

Mrs. Darwin S. Root, now of Chicago, is in the city and the many admirers of her splendid voice will be pleased to learn that she sings at the Westminster church Friday evening.

J. Andrew, who has been traveling for a large grocery house in St. Louis, has accepted a position with one of the largest grocery houses in Chicago, for which city he left this afternoon.

There will be a meeting for prayer and conference Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evening this week in the chapel of Westminster church. Subject this evening, "Prayer."

Lima Times-Democrat: "Harry Abbott, of Fort Wayne, arrived here Saturday afternoon and will make his home with his brother, Sardius Abbott and family, of South Tanner street."

After examining the building on Highland and Calhoun streets yesterday afternoon Superintendent Gorsline and Chief Hilbrecht decided to wait until the next dance to determine the condition of the structure.

A South Bend lady recently went on a visit and at the station by mistake got hold of a traveling man's grip, not discovering her mistake until she reached her destination. There were two persons very much surprised when those grips were opened that night.

Huntington Herald: "John Steiman and wife, of Fort Wayne, and Mrs. L. H. Collins and daughter Ethel, of Marion, were guests at the home of Ewert Day over Sunday.—W. A. Welches, of Fort Wayne, was in the city over Sunday and returned home this morning."

William Hogan, Emil Bowman, Charles Keightlinger and Frank Marsh, tramps who were caught on Pittsburg trains, were sent to jail by Acting Mayor Hiner this morning. It is said that Fort Wayne is the only city on this road that will send these fellows to jail unless the company will pay their board.

The following are the week of prayer topics for the services at the Baptist Tabernacle this week: Thursday night, 5—Prayer for our personal workers; Wednesday night, 6—Prayer for world-wide missions; Thursday night, 7—Prayer for the special meetings and Dr. Hale; Friday night, 8—Annual roll call and consecration meeting. These meetings will be followed by special meetings next week, when Dr. Fred Hale, of Louisville, Ky., the great southern evangelist pastor, will be present and preach every night.

R. T. McDonald is in the city.

George E. Wood went to Chicago today.

Will Hinde is at Portland, Ind., today.

Capt. Phil Dickinson left for Indianapolis today.

The Order of Lincoln will hold an important meeting Thursday evening.

Nathan Smyser left today for Princeton university to resume his studies.

E. H. Campbell, of Chicago, is visiting his uncle, J. S. House, of South Broadway.

Mrs. Charlotte Hartman is very dangerously ill at her home, on West Jefferson street.

Miss Louisa Boecker has returned from Cowling, Ills., where she spent the holidays with friends.

The directors of the Home Telephone company held a meeting last night and fixed salaries for the coming fiscal year.

Charles E. Thomas, the genial engineer at the I. F. M. Y., was initiated into Phoenix lodge No. 101 last evening.

Miss May Zern, who has been visiting her brother at Grass Creek, Ind., for the past three months, has returned home.

Mrs. Baker, of Lorain county, Ohio, has returned home after spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Farra.

News has been received by W. H. Lange, of Root & Co.'s clothing department, that his father is very ill at his home in Germany.

Miss Dora Dienhart, of Lafayette, Ind., who has been visiting relatives and friends in the city during the week past, returned to her home last evening.

Pursuant to instructions from the state board of health the Drs. Miller, Keeler and Schilling, city board of health, are inspecting the public schools today.

The Christian Endeavor society of the First Baptist church will hold an important meeting tonight and elect officers. All members are requested to be present.

Mrs. John Allen will entertain at ten the Ladies' Aid society of the St. Paul M. E. church, at her residence, on Walton avenue, Wednesday afternoon, from 4 to 8 o'clock.

At a meeting of the board of public works yesterday afternoon the superintendent of parks and the superintendent of streets were instructed to make their yearly report.

Reports from the Hope hospital concerning the condition of Clarence Cook are very gratifying. His condition is even better than could be expected and he suffers little pain from his severe injury.

The Men's league of the Grace church will meet tonight after the close of the church services and elect officers. The church holds its week of prayer services tonight, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Tonight a reception will be tendered the pastor and his wife and family, who have recently left the West Creighton avenue Church of Christ. There were seventy-six added to the church during the meetings now in progress.

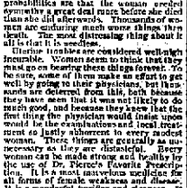
A. B. Bitsinger and wife have been spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Birm Elgerton, of Indianapolis. Mr. Bitsinger returned today but Mrs. Bitsinger remained at the bedside of her daughter, Mrs. Elgerton, who is very ill.

PETTIT WILL GET IT.

Indications Point to His Election.

In Case He Wins, Ben Prather, of Indianapolis, will be the Chief Clerk.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 5.—A caucus for the organization of the two houses will be held Wednesday night. Indications still point to the selection of H. C. Pettit, of Wabash, for speaker. If he is chosen Ben Prather, of this city, will probably be chief clerk. An effort was made by the opponents of Pettit and Prather to control one of the speakership candidates, but their overtures were declined. John R. Ewt, Allen Swoyo and F. G. Thorton are candidates for the democratic complimentary vote for speaker, with chances favoring Ewt.



Women get plenty of sympathy after they are well, for they make a good subject for a picture in his "Widow of Sichs." But the unfortunate sex has the woman needed sympathy a great deal more before she died than she did afterwards. Thousands of women are enduring much worse things in life than death. The most distressing thing about it is that it is needless.

Uterine troubles are considered well-nigh incurable. Women seem to think that they must go on bearing these things forever. To the honor of them make an effort to get well by going to the physicians. But the sums are deterred from this, both because they have seen that it was not likely to do much good, and because they knew that the first thing the physician would insist upon would be the examinations and local treatment so justly abhorrent to every modest woman. These things are generally as unnecessary as they are distasteful. Every woman can be made strong and healthy by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a most successful medicine for all forms of female weakness and disease. It is a wonderful purifier and cleanser. It acts directly on one set of organs, and on no other, but in doing this, it frequently cures troubles that were scarcely of an entirely different character and origin. A disorder of the distinctly feminine organs is likely to cause all sorts of symptoms, and careless doctors frequently decide women for neuralgia, or dyspepsia, or insomnia, when the real trouble is in the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will make any woman well. Sometimes when disease has gone on so long that the entire system is debilitated, it is necessary to use in conjunction with the "Prescription," Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a general tonic, blood-purifier, and blood-maker, without an equal in the world. There is no case so severe that these two great medicines will not cure it. Thousands of women have frequently testified to this fact.

KIDNEY FREE TEST.

Second of the Great Public Tests.

AT MUNYON'S OFFICES

Our Conquering Kidney Cure

FREE THIS WEEK

To All Who Call for Its Aid.

It Has Cured Thousands in the Past and It Will Cure You if Used in Time.

The second of Professor Munyon's series of Public tests will begin today in the Munyon offices. The news of the most successful rheumatism test of last week HAS SPREAD ABROAD. Many persons come from the surrounding towns because they had heard of the wonderful cures being made. Many who will come to the tests this week will have kidney disease in its incipient stage. Others will come with the heavy, dragging step and bent form, which betokens the WELL-SEATED CASE of CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE. Still others will have the puff appearance about the eyes, the flabby cheeks and hopeless look, which tell only too plainly that BRIGHT'S DISEASE HAS BROUGHT ITS DEADLY WORK. A few there may be whom the specialists will know at a glance to be completely in the possession of that AWFUL DISEASE.

Not one of these need despair. Munyon's Remedies in the hands of his skilled specialists have cured thousands of cases in old and young.

While this test of kidney cure is going on, Munyon's doctors at No. 9 E. Wayne street, opposite "Fruit Home," will treat all patients that come, no matter what their disease, just the same as usual. Trial local treatment for catarrh and deafness free.

Munyon's great specialists will go to the bedside of the sick when required without a penny of cost for their services.

Munyon's Remedies for every disease for sale at all druggists, mostly at 25c; specials 50c and $1.

MUNYON H. H. R. CO.,
No. 9 East Wayne.
Opposite the Fruit House.

INSTALLED OFFICERS.

By the Union Veteran Legion Last Night.

The Union Veteran Legion, camp No. 51, installed the following officers for the ensuing year last night:

John V. Hiler—Colonel.
W. W. Hill—Lieutenant Colonel.
H. H. Covey—Major.
G. W. Aldrich—Officer of the Day.
H. O. Crosby—Adjutant.
H. C. Fellinger—Quartermaster.
H. W. Dickman—Surgeon.
James Chamberlain—Chaplain.
George Turner — Officer of the Guard.
Charles Bowman — Sergeant-Major.
George Gannon—Color Bearer.

This organization is taking on new life and modernizing now methods. They propose holding open ramp fires during the winter, commencing on the first Monday in February.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Wheat, Jan., 80c; May, 83½@83⅞c; July, 78⅞@⅞c; Sept., 77c.

Corn, Jan., 23c; May, 25⅝c; July, 26⅝c.

Oats, Jan., 16⅝c; May, 18⅝c.

Pork, Jan., $7.80; May, $7.85.

Lard, Jan., $4.80; May, $4.37½.

Ribs, Jan., $4.87½; May, $4.00.

At a meeting of the Westminster brotherhood a very pleasing form of initiation was adopted and El. Biddle was initiated.

For the next 20 days we will offer our entire line of White China at 1-4 off.

We have also a large line of Banquet Lamps, Dinner Sets and Chamber Sets which we will sell at reduced prices.

Before purchasing, call and see us.

M. F. KAAC,
5 East Columbia St.

Subscription tickets for first Westminster Concert, 12 1-2 cents, at Woodworth's.

DURING JANUARY

We will close out our entire stock of Winter Suitings, Overcoatings and Fancy Vestings at actual cost. This is a great chance to obtain seasonable bargains. Take advantage of this sale.

JOHN RABUS,
The Tailor,
16 W. Berry St.

30512

The Greatest Grocery

Has just received another car of those fine Michigan potatoes, at 25c bushel.

New York State Apples, $1.15 bbl.

Large Lump Starch, 3c lb.

AT THE GREATEST.

Secure subscription tickets and reserved seats for first Westminster concert Friday night, at Woodworth's drug store.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c.

The Greatest Grocery

Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, absolutely pure, 12 lb sacks, 30c.

George County, Ohio, Maple Syrup, absolutely pure, gallon cans, 90c, at

THE GREATEST GROCERY.

Maumee Lodge No. 50, A. O. U. W., will give an oyster supper and entertainment at Randall hall, Thursday evening, January 7. Admission 25c. Entire proceeds to be given the Associated Charities. Everybody should attend and help a worthy cause. 30 2 5

NOTICE.

The following Merchant Tailors will close at 6 p. m., during January and February, excepting Saturdays and 10th and 17th:

J. G. THIEME & SON,
FRED HARDMAN,
G. SCHMIDT,
J. W. FOGLES,
H. MEYER,
J. G. GRIMME & SON,
A. F. SCHOCK & SON,
L. JAUTBENDER & SON,
A. FOSTER,
G. STAUFFER & SON,
THIEME BROS.,
JOHN RABUS. 463

Your hideous moles and superfluous hairs can be permanently removed by electricity by Dr. E. F. Harris, 148 Calhoun street, corner of Jefferson. 31-6t

DRINK

Bursley's Blend or High Grade Coffee.

Save the wrappers and give them to the Fort Wayne Relief Union.
Associated Charities.
St. Vincent De Paul.
C. A. R. Relief.
Y. M. C. A.
Or any organized church or Relief society of Fort Wayne.

We will redeem them until March 1st, 1897 at $1.00 per package of 100 wrappers when presented to us by the authorized agent of the society represented.

247 G. E. BURSLEY & CO.

The stockholders of the Tri-State Building and Loan Association No. 4 will hold their annual meeting at the office of the association Monday evening, Jan. 11, '97, for the purpose of electing 19 directors to serve for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

G. W. PIXLEY,
Pres. and Cor. Sec'y.

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A RARE CHANCE, GENTLEMEN.

During the month of January we will sell our heavy weight winter clothes for absolute cost to close out and make room for spring stock. We invite an inspection of the finest line of suitings in the city to prove this greatest opportunity of the year.

JOHN RABUS,
The Tailor,
16 W. Berry St.

30512

White Leaf Flour.

Greatest present on earth. Silver knives and forks free with White Leaf flour. See particulars on every sack. For sale at all leading groceries. All persons who have received a set are more than pleased with them. Decloo12mo

Fifty dollars to $40,000 to loan on Farm and City Property.

The J. F. Schell Loan and Investment Co.,
24-25-26-27 Farley Block, Fort Wayne, Ind. Telephone, 486.

Coal and Wood.

The most reliable and best fuel is Coal or Wood. Don't rely on Natural Gas. Now is the time to buy Coal for winter. Don't wait until the time falls. For good quality, low prices and quick delivery, go to

GEO. H. KRUDOP,
Tel. No. 120. Cor. Francis and Hayden St.

"LAUNDRY!"

Having established a fully equipped steam plant, we are prepared to do work in all its branches. Satisfaction guaranteed. All work called for and delivered. Bell Phone No. 165.

Banner Laundering Co.
544 South Calhoun St.
A. T. BAKER, Mgr. WM. SMITH, Foreman.

YOUR FEET CAN BE FITTED BY KLUGS SHOES.

FINE, MEDIUM and ALL GRADES.

SPECIALTY:

MEN'S ENAMELED SHOES,

Warranted not to BREAK or CRACK in unreasonable time or money refunded.

G. KLUG,
194 Hanna Street.

A Wonderful Sale of Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks!

We offer the choice of our entire stock of Winter Cloaks.

All the $20.00 Cloaks,
All the $15.00 Cloaks,
All the $12.50 Cloaks,
All the $10.00 Cloaks,

Your choice of any Cloak in the Store

FOR $5.00

Don't miss this opportunity--every Cloak is of the latest style, silk lined, and made of the finest goods in the country.

ONE PRICE TO ALL . . . . . .

The People's Store,
BEADELL & COMPANY.

Not An Old Style,

But, however, fantastic piece of furniture in our entire store. It is a matter of regret, but we keep our stock always new and attractive.

DO YOU KNOW
We have the most extensive Carpet department in Fort Wayne?

DO YOU KNOW
We have the prettiest, cheapest and the most desirable stock of carpets in the city, with scarcely a single piece of goods in it not bought this fall?

DO YOU KNOW
Our entire line is made up of such well known makes as Lowrie, Bigelow, Hartford, Smyser, Sedlitz, Whittall and Bigelow?

Foster Furniture Co

Dr. J. W. Younge,
No. 107 Calhoun St.
Nervous & Private Diseases a Distinctive Specialty.

DR. YOUNGE, 8 master of his profession. He cures difficult cases of nervous and private Diseases of male and female. He offers honest advice and skillful treatment to both sexes in all diseases. If ordinary treatment has failed to cure you, consult Dr. Younge. He has made the treatment of all Chronic Diseases a special study for twenty-five years. Consultation free at institute, No. 107 Calhoun St. Dr. W. B. Smith, general manager and examining physician.

Commence the New Year

By investing in the

Tri-State Building & Loan Association's
NEW DOLLAR PLAN, A.A.

No Fines. No Membership Fee.

With each book is a maturity table showing the value of your stock each month until maturity.

Call at office for full particulars.

Tri-State Building and Loan Association,
Corner Berry and Court Streets.
H. W. DIXLEY, Pres. C. A. WILDING, Secy.

Big Cut —ON— China and Glassware.

Discount sale to begin Saturday, January 2nd, and continue for one week.

¼ off on all Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets and staples; also on white china for decorating.

⅓ off on cut glass, vases, jardinieres, bric-a-brac and fancy goods of all kinds.

All sales cash. No goods laid away or exchanged during this sale.

MISS LOWRY,
22 West Berry Street.

IF YOU WANT $10,
$20, $30, $50, $100,
We will place it to you on your furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, etc.
All business strictly confidential.
Call for particulars.
INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
40 Calhoun St., Rooms 5 and 6.

"A First Battle Lost, But Still In the Field."

A right to inform the citizens of the city of Fort Wayne and the public that I am the agent for W. L. Dyson's great book and will canvass for the book. You can see it at my office at 38 Montgomery street. The book contains 600 pages, and the following subscribers:
Cloth, $2.50; Half Morocco, $3.50; Full Morocco, $5.00.
R. STABIA, Agent.

JNO. S. IRWIN. GEO. G. IRWIN.
IRWIN & IRWIN,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Lonsdale WHITE BLOCK,
Calhoun & Wayne Sts. Fort Wayne, Ind.

ALL KINDS OF SPECIALTY WORK.
DIES, PATTERN WORK,
FORMING, LATHE WORK,
GEAR CUTTING.
Special Grinding. Work Guaranteed.
PERFECTION MFG. CO.,
Dry Run Ave. and Superior Street.

GELLER'S...
FINE CHOCOLATES
AT THE
Chicago Bakery.
FANCY BAKING OF ALL KINDS.
PURE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT ICES.
Telephone 163.
W. F. GELLER.

An Additional Discount— Of 6 Per Cent.

Will be made on the following prices, from January 1st to February 15th, 1897.

Suits to Order.
$45.00 Suits for $38.00.
$40.00 Suits for $30.00.
$35.00 Suits for $28.00.
$30.00 Suits for $25.00.
$25.00 Suits for $18.00.
Good Suits for $17.00.

Overcoats to Order
$45.00 Overcoat, $30.00.
$35.00 Overcoat, $20.00.
Fine Overcoats for $17.00 and $18.00.
Good Pantaloons $4.00.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
Or Money Refunded.

A. FOSTER,
Merchant Tailor,
D West Wayne St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

I AM WALT'S THE WORST DOLLAR YET

Every Article.... **AT COST** To Enable us to Retire From Business.

Walt's Cheap Cracker Store
No. 8 W. Columbia Street.

MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Carriages, etc.; and leave the property in your possession.
Payments arranged on the weekly or monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience.
Business strictly confidential.
Call at Office, Room 3, Swinney Block, Corner Court and Calhoun Sts., Upstairs.

A Streak of Luck!
At 176 Calhoun Street,
where you get your cooking and heating stoves, your furniture and everything else at "Hedekin's" place, opposite the Lindenwood and can save you money. We buy and sell most everything.